

## **User Manual**

# SP24 INFINISOALR V II WP 2/3/5KW SOLAR INVERTER / CHARGER



Version: 1.0



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## **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

#### **Purpose**

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

#### Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- 2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- 5. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- 6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
- 8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
- 10. Fuses are provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.
- 14. WARNING!! ATTENTION IN CASE OF MALFUNCTION OF THE PRODUCT PLEASE CONTACT US BY EMAIL AT assistenza@solarpower24.it WITH THE SERIAL NUMBER OF PRODUCT, EXACT MODEL, DEFECT FOUND AND YOU WILL BE CONTACTED. PLEASE NOTE THAT THE PRODUCT MUST NOT BE OPENED IN ANY WAY AND THAT OPENING WITH THE CONSEQUENT BREAKING OF THE WARRANTY SEAL VOIDS WARRANTY ON THE PRODUCT.



## **INTRODUCTION**

This hybrid PV inverter can provide power to connected loads by utilizing PV power, utility power and battery power.

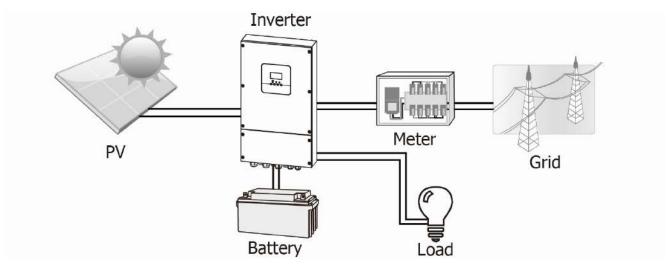
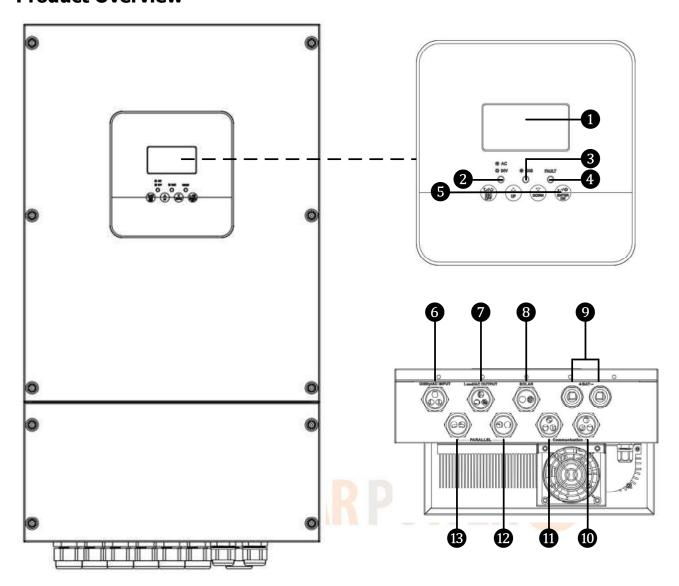


Figure 1 Basic hybrid PV System Overview

Depending on different power situations, this hybrid inverter is designed to generate continuous power from PV solar modules (solar panels), battery, and the utility. When MPP input voltage of PV modules is within acceptable range (see specification for the details), this inverter is able to generate power to feed the grid (utility) and charge battery. **Never connect the positive and negative terminals of the solar panel to the ground.** See Figure 1 for a simple diagram of a typical solar system with this hybrid inverter.



## **Product Overview**



**NOTE:** For parallel model installation and operation, please check separate parallel installation guide for the details.

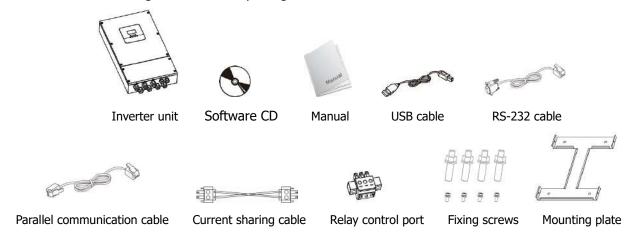
- 1. LCD display
- 2. Status indicator
- 3. Charging indicator
- 4. Fault indicator
- 5. Function buttons
- 6. Grid connectors
- 7. AC output connectors (Load connection)
- 8. PV connectors
- 9. Battery connectors
- 10. BMS & RS-485 communication ports
- 11. Dry contact & USB & RS-232 communication ports
- 12. Current sharing ports
- 13. Parallel communication ports



## **INSTALLATION**

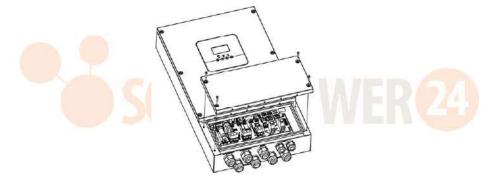
#### **Unpacking and Inspection**

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:



## **Preparation**

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing four screws as shown below.



## **Mounting the Unit**

Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



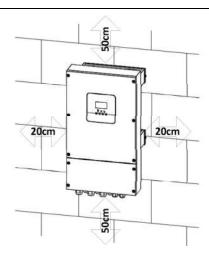
#### SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

**WARNING!!** Remember that this inverter is heavy! Please be careful when lifting out from the package. **WARNING!!** FIRE HAZARD.

SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

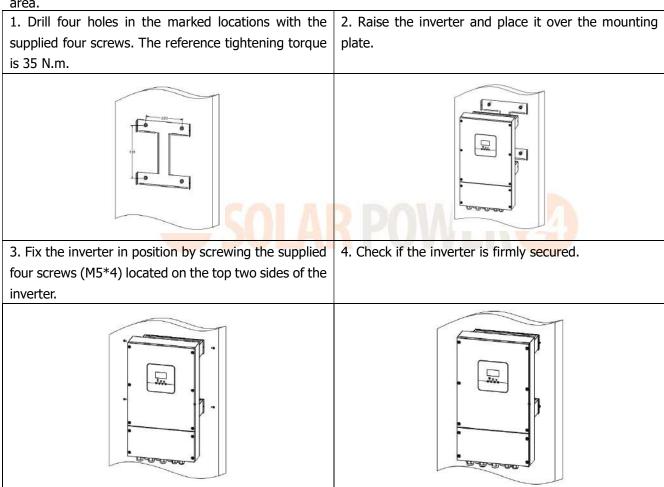
Be sure to keep other objects away and leave the space to a minimum as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and enough space for replacing wires.





Installation to the wall should be implemented with the proper screws. After that, the device should be bolted on securely.

The inverter only can be used in a CLOSED ELECTRICAL OPERATING AREA. Only serviceperson can enter this area.



## **Battery Connection**

**CAUTION:** For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel. **WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the





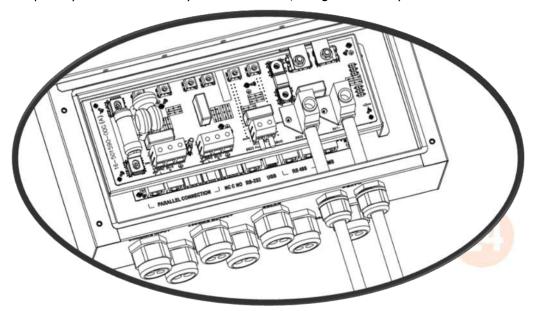
proper recommended cable and terminal size as below.

#### Recommended battery cable and terminal size:

Model	Typical Amperage	Battery Capacity	Wire Size	Torque Value
2KW	55A	100AH	1*4AWG	2~3 Nm
3KW	82A	200AH	1*4AWG	2~3 Nm
5KW	137A	200AH	1*2AWG	2~3 Nm

Please follow the below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 7mm for two conductors.
- 2. Insert battery wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected.





#### **WARNING: Shock Hazard**

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



**CAUTION!!** Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the ring terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.

**CAUTION!!** Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

**CAUTION!!** Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).



#### **AC Input/Output Connection**

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input.

**CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

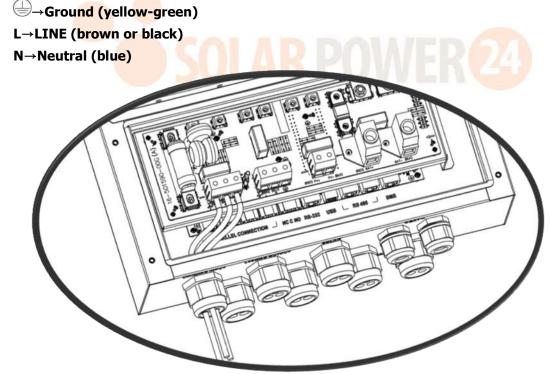


#### Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Model	Gauge	Torque Value
2KW	10 AWG	0.8~ 1.0 Nm
3KW	10 AWG	1.2~ 1.6 Nm
5KW	10 AWG	1.2~ 1.6 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 7mm for six conductors.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.





#### **WARNING:**

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

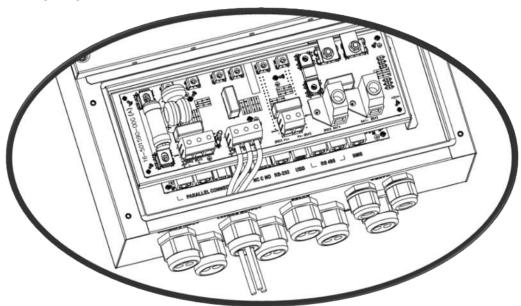


4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.

**⇒**Ground (yellow-green)

L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

#### **CAUTION: Important**

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

**CAUTION:** Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

#### **PV** Connection

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING:** Please switch off the inverter before you connect PV modules. Otherwise, it will damage the inverter.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Typical Amperage	Cable Size	Torque
2KW	13A	12AWG	2.0~2.4Nm
3KW	18A	10AWG	2.0~2.4Nm
5KW	27A	8AWG	2.0~2.4Nm



#### **PV Module Selection:**

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

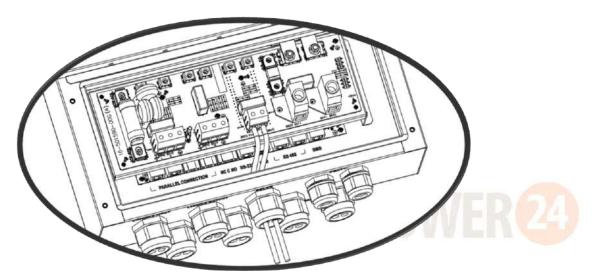
- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

Solar Charging Mode						
INVERTER MODEL	2KW	3KW	5KW			
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	400 Vdc	500 Vdc	500 Vdc			
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	120~400Vdc	120~400Vdc	120~450Vdc			
MPP Number		1				

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 7 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.





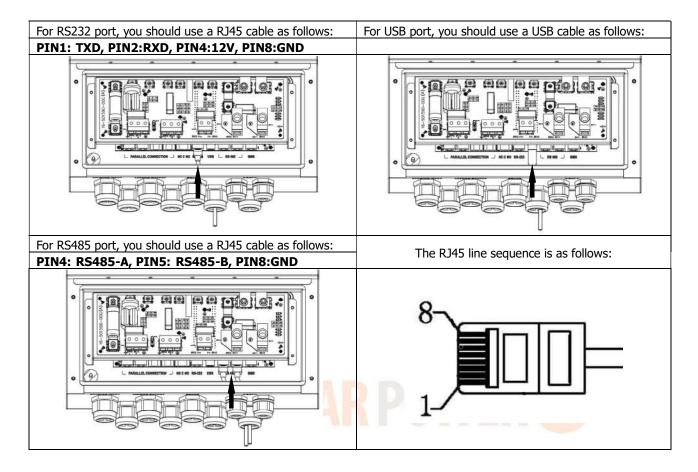
#### Recommended PV module Configuration

Recommended PV module Configuration						
PV Module Spec.	Total solar input power	Solar input	Q'ty of modules			
(reference)	1500W	6 pieces in series	6 pcs			
- 250Wp - Vmp: 30.7Vdc	2000W	8 pieces in series	8 pcs			
- Imp: 8.15A	2750W	11 pieces in series	11 pcs			
- Voc: 37.4Vdc	3000W	6 pieces in series	12 pcs			
- Isc: 8.63A	300011	2 strings in parallel	12 pc3			
- Cells: 60	4000W	8 pieces in series	16 pcs			
	1000**	2 strings in parallel	10 pc3			
	5000W	10 pieces in series	20 pcs			
	30000	2 strings in parallel	20 μcs			
	6000W	12 pieces in series	24 pcs			
	3000VV	2 strings in parallel	Σπ μας			



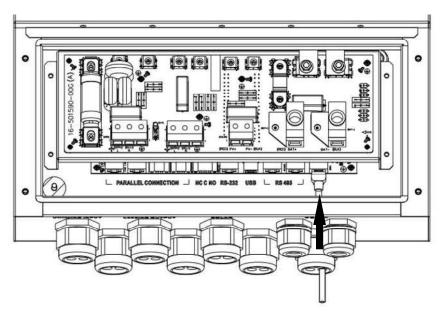
#### **Communication Connection**

Please use the supplied communication cable to connect to the inverter and PC. Follow the below procedure to connect communication wiring. Insert bundled CD into a computer and follow the on-screen instructions to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check the user manual of the software inside of a CD.



#### **BMS Communication**

For BMS port, you should use a RJ45 cable as follows:





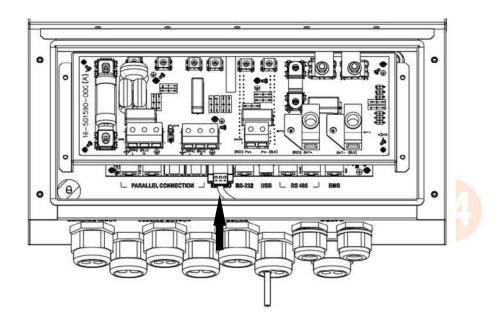
It is recommended to purchase a special communication cable if you are connecting to Lithium-ion battery banks. Please use a RJ45 cable to connect BMS communication port as shown in below:

PIN Assignment			
PIN 4	RS485-A		
PIN 5	RS485-B		
PIN 8	GND		

For more information, please refer to Appendix II: BMS Communication Installation.

## **Dry Contact Signal**

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver a signal to an external device when the battery voltage reaches the warning level.

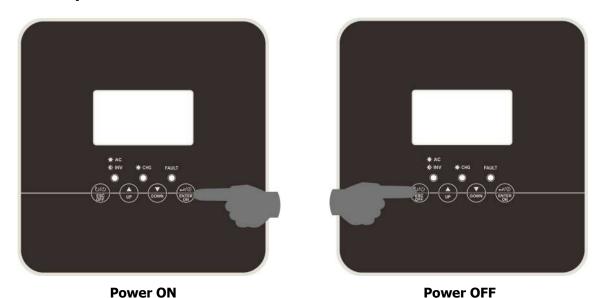


				Dry co	ontact port:
Unit Status	Condition		Condition		
			N	CCNO	
				NC & C	NO & C
Power Off	Unit is off an	d no output is	powered.	Close	Open
	Output is pov	wered from Uti	lity.	Close	Open
	Output is	Program 01	Battery voltage < Low DC warning	Open	Close
	powered	set as SUB	voltage	Ореп	Close
	from		Battery voltage > Setting value in		
	Battery or		Program 21 or battery charging	Close	Open
Power On	Solar.		reaches floating stage		
		Program 01	Battery voltage < Setting value in	Onon	Close
		is set as	Program 20	Open	Close
		SBU	Battery voltage > Setting value in		
			Program 21 or battery charging	Close	Open
			reaches floating stage		



## **OPERATION**

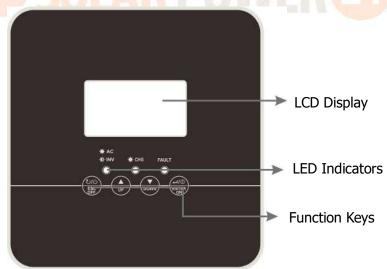
## **Power ON/OFF**



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On key to turn on the unit (Press and hold the key more than 3s).

## **Operation and Display Panel**

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



#### **LED Indicator**

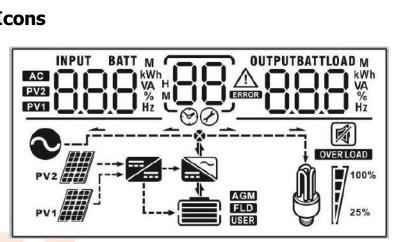
LED Indicator			Messages
Green		Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
		Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
CHG Green Solid On Flashing		Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
		Flashing	Battery is charging.
A FAULT Red		Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.



#### **Function Keys**

Function Key	Description
ESC/OFF	To exit setting mode
ESC/OFF	2. Turn off the unit (Press and hold the key more than 3s)
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTED/ON	1. enter setting mode
ENTER/ON	2. Turn on the unit (Press and hold the key more than 3s)
DOWNLLID	To confirm the selection in setting mode(Press and hold the key more than
DOWN+UP	1s)

## **LCD Display Icons**



Icon	Function
Input source information	
AC	Indicates the AC input
PV1	Indicates the 1st PV panel input
PV2	Indicates the 2 <sup>nd</sup> PV panel input
Left digital display information	
INPUT BATT M  AGE PVZ PVZ PVZ PVZ PVZ	Indicate input voltage, input frequency, battery voltage, PV1 voltage, PV2 voltage, charger current
Middle digital display information	
88	Indicates the setting programs.
88 A	Indicates the warning and fault codes.  Warning: Flashing with warning code  Fault: display with fault code
Right digital display information	
OUTPUTBATTLOAD  M kWh yA % Hz	Indicate the output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load VA, load W, PV1 charger power, PV2 charger power, DC discharging current.
Battery information	



- XUNTONLING					
	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% and charging status.				
AGM FLD USER	Indicates the battery type: AGM, Flooded or User-defined battery.				
Load information					
OVERLOAD	Indicates overload	•			
	Indicates the load	level by 0-24%, 2	5-50%, 50-74%, ar	nd 75-100%.	
<b>100%</b>	0%~24%	25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%	
25%	[/	7	7	7	
Mode operation information	Mode operation information				
$\odot$	Indicates unit connects to the mains.				
PV1	Indicates unit connects to the 1 <sup>st</sup> PV panel				
<del></del>	Indicates the solar charger is working				
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.				
Mute operation					
Indicates unit alarm is disabled.					

## **LCD Setting**

After pressing and holding DOWN+UP button for 1 second, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Program	Description	Selectable option	
00	Exit setting mode	Escape	
01		SUB (default)  Ooling  SUB (default)	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.  If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, Utility energy will supply power to the loads at the same time.
01	Output source priority selection	SBU SBU	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.  If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time.



			Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 20 or solar and battery is not sufficient.
02	AC input voltage range	Appliances (default)  OPS  OPS  IIPS	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC.  If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within
03	Output voltage	220Vac  220Vac  240Vac  240Vac	170-280VAC. 230V (Default) 03 230v
04	Output frequency	50Hz (default)	60Hz □Ч 6□ <sub>Hz</sub>
05	Solar supply priority	Charge first (default)  Load first  Charge first (default)  Load first	Solar energy provides power to charge battery as first priority.  Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.
06	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.	Bypass disable (default)	Bypass enable  06 by  18 by  1
07	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable  LHE
08	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable  B LHE
09	Solar energy feed to grid configuration	Feed to grid disable(default)	Solar energy feed to grid disable.



		Feed to grid enable	Solar energy feed to grid enable.	
		0 <u></u> 6+E		
		If this inverter/charger is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode, charger source can be programmed as below:		
		Solar first  Solar first	Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.	
	Charger source priority:	Solar and Utility (default)	Solar energy and utility will charge battery at the same time.	
10	To configure charger source priority	ı <u>" S∩U</u>		
		Only Solar	Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not.	
		If this inverter/charger is working in Battery mode or Power saving mode, only solar energy can charge battery. Solar energy will charge battery if it's available and sufficient.		
11	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	For 2KW/3KW models, setting range is from 10A to 60A. For 5KW model, setting range is from 10A to 100A. Increment of each click is 10A.		
13	Maximum utility charging current	2A	10A 	
		20A 	30A (default)	
		40A 	50A 13 50 <sup>4</sup>	
		60A 13	70A (only for 5KW model)	



	,	
		80A (only for 5KW model)  model)  90A (only for 5KW model)
		1 <u>3 80.</u> 1 <u>3 30.</u>
		100A (only for 5KW model)
		1 <u>3 100.</u>
14	Battery type	AGM (default) Flooded IH FLd
14		User-Defined  If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 17, 18 and 19.
		default setting: 56.4V
17	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	<u>[" [" 56,4"</u>
		If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.
18	Floating charging voltage	default setting: 54.0V
		If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V . Increment of each click is 0.1V.
		default setting: 40.8V
19	Low DC cut off battery voltage setting	
13		If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 40.8V to 48.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.
20	Battery stop discharging voltage when grid is available	44.0V 45.0V
		20 <u>44</u> 20 <u>45</u>
		46.0V (default) 47.0V
		20 <u>47</u> 20 <u>47</u>



- SOLAR POWERS			<del></del>
		48.0V	49.0V
		50.0V	Ø
		20 <u>Solv</u>	20 <u>St</u>
		Battery fully charged	48.0V
			2 <sub>0</sub> 1 4 <u>80</u>
		49.0V	50.0V
		2 <sub>1</sub> 4 <u>90</u>	2 <u>√1_500</u> 0 <u>v</u>
		51.0V	52.0V
	Battery stop charging voltage when grid is available	2°1 2, 10 ×	2 <sub>0</sub> 1_5 <u>50</u>
21		53.0V	54.0V(default)
		2 <sub>0</sub> 1_5 <u>30</u>	2 SHOY
		5 <mark>5.0</mark> V	56.0V
		2 <sub>0</sub> 1_5 <u>50</u>	2 <sub>∞</sub> 1_5 <u>60</u>
		57.0V	58.0V
		2 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	2 SBD V
	Auto return to default display screen	Return to default display screen (default)	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will
		2 <u>2</u> ESP	automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage
22			/output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute.
		Stay at latest screen	If selected, the display screen will
		5 <u>2</u> FEP	stay at latest screen user finally switches.
		Backlight on (default)	Backlight off
23	Backlight control	5 <u>3</u>	2 <u>3</u>
L	I .	1	J



24	Alarm control	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off 24 b0F
25	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off ROF
27	Record Fault code	Record enable(default)	Record disable
28	AC output mode *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off).	Single: This inverter is used in single phase application.  Courrent  L1 phase  C2 phase  C3 phase  C3 phase  C3 phase  C4 phase  C5 phase  C4 phase  C5 phase  C6 phase  C7 phase  C7 phase  C8 phase  C9 pha	Parallel: This inverter is operated in parallel system.  The inverter is operated in L1 phase in 3-phase application.  The inverter is operated in L2 phase in 3-phase application.  The inverter is operated in L3 phase in 3-phase application.
29	Reset PV energy storage	Not reset(Default)	Reset - 5Ł
30	Start charging time for AC charger	00:00 (Default)	
31	Stop charging time for AC charger	O0:00 (Default)  **SEO 3 000  The setting range of stop charging time for AC charger is from 00:00 to 23:00, increment of each click is 1 hour.	
32	Scheduled time for AC output on	00:00 (Default)  1	Deduled Time for AC output on is from



		00:00 to 23:00, increme	nt of each click is 1 hour.
33	Scheduled time for AC output off	O0:00(Default)  The setting range of scheduled Time for AC output off is from 00:00 to 23:00, increment of each click is 1 hour.	
		India(Default)	If selected, acceptable feed-in grid voltage range will be 195.5~253VAC. Acceptable feed-in grid frequency range will be 49~51Hz.
34	Set country customized regulations	Germany 34 GEn	If selected, acceptable feed-in grid voltage range will be 184~264.5VAC. Acceptable feed-in grid frequency range will be 47.5~51.5Hz.
		South America	If selected, acceptable feed-in grid voltage range will be 184~264.5VAC. Acceptable feed-in grid frequency range will be 57~62Hz.
35	Modbus monitor ID	001(Default)	Modbus ID setting: It's to set up inbuilt Modbus ID to facilitate inverter remote monitoring. In the same solar system, this ID no. should be unique. Setting range is from 001 to 247
36	Lithium battery turn-on when the device is powered on	Auto turn-on disable (default)	Auto turn-on enable
37	Lithium battery turn-on immediately NOTE: This setting is effective only when setting 36 is set as "enable".	Turn-on immediately disable (default)	Turn-on immediately enable
95	Time setting – Minute	For minute setting, the r	range is from 00 to 59.
96	Time setting – Hour	HOU 98	nge is from 00 to 23.
97	Time setting— Day	For day setting, the range	ge is from 01 to 31.



98	Time setting- Month	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
99	Time setting – Year	





## **Display Setting**

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in Watt, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main board firmware version and SCC firmware version.

Select item	LCD display
Input voltage and output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V  INPUT  OUTPUT  OUTPUT  100%  25%
Input frequency and output frequency	Input frequency=50.0Hz, output frequency=50.0Hz  OUTPUT  OUTPU
Battery voltage and output voltage	Battery Voltage=48.0V, output voltage=230V  BATT  OUTPUT  PV1  DISER  DI
Battery voltage and load percentage	Battery Voltage=48.0V, load percentage = 68%  BATT  LOAD  LOAD  PV1  DISSER  100%  25%

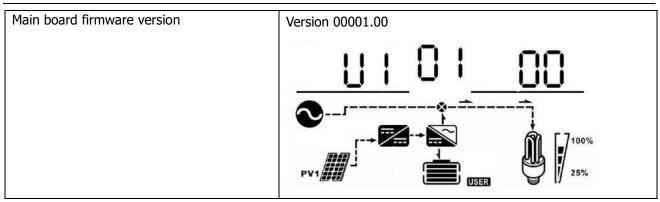


SOLAR POWER(2)	
Battery voltage and load in VA	Battery Voltage=48.0V, load in VA=1.08kVA
	BATT LOAD
	48 <u>0</u> ° 108*
	<b>A</b>
	PV1
Battery voltage and load in Watt	Battery Voltage=48.0V, load in Watt=1.88kW
	BATT LOAD
	<u> 480° [88°</u>
	<b>2</b>
	PV1 100%
PV1 voltage and PV1 charger power	PV1 Voltage=360V, charging power=1.58kW
	INPUT OUTPUT
	<u>380°</u> <u>158°</u>
	<b>⊘</b>
<b>O</b> SO	PV1 100%
Charger current and	Charging current=30A, discharging current=0A
DC discharging current	INPUT BATT OUTPUTBATT
	<u> </u>
	<b>2</b>
	PV1
PV energy generated today	Today energy = 6.3kWh
	83 kWh
	PV1



	I
PV energy generated this month	This month energy = 358kWh.
	<u> </u>
	PV1 USER USER 25%
PV energy generated this year	This year energy = 8.32MWh
	<u>988</u> <u>832</u> №
	PV1 100%
PV energy generated totally	Total energy = 13.9MWh
<b>S</b> S0	139 Mh
	PV1 25%
Real date	Real date Nov 28, 2016.
	<u></u>
	<b>2</b>
	PV1
Real time	Real time 13:20.
	13 <u>20</u> 
	PV1





## **Operating Mode Description**

Operating mode	Behaviors	LCD display
-		Battery is charged by utility.
		<b>▼</b> 1
Standby mode		Battery is charged by PV energy.
Note:		r <b>&gt;</b>
*Standby mode: The inverter		(AGM
is not turned on yet but at		PV1
this time, the inverter can		Battery is charged by utility and PV energy.
charge battery with <mark>out AC</mark>	No output power, solar	<b>⊘</b> ₁
output.	or utility charger	
*Power saving mode: If	available	AGM
enabled, the output of		PV1
inverter will be off when		Battery is charged by PV energy and feed PV energy to grid.
connected load is pretty low		grid.
or not detected.		PV1 AGM
		No charging.
		AGM
		Utility charges battery and provides power to load.
Line mode	Output power from utility. Charger available	Utility and battery power provide power to load.
		AGM 25%



	T	
	Output power from utility. Charger available	PV energy, battery power and utility provide power to load.
Line mode	Output power from utility. Charger available	PV energy and utility charge battery, and utility provides power to load.  PV energy charges battery, utility and PV energy provide power to the load.  PV energy charges battery, PV energy provides power to the load and feeds remaining energy to the grid.  PV1  AGM  PV1  AGM  PV1  100%  25%
	SOLA	PV energy and battery energy supply power to the load.
Battery mode	Output power from battery or PV	PV energy charges battery and provides power to the load.
		Battery provides power to the load.
Only PV mode	Output power from PV	PV provides power to the load.



Fault mode		No charging.
*Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.	No output, no charging.	AGM

## **Warning Indicator**

<b>Warning Code</b>	Warning Event	Icon flashing
01	Fan locked	
02	Over temperature	<u>√50</u>
03	Battery over charged	<u>[03</u> ^
04	Low battery	
07	Overload	OVERLOAD 000 100%
10	Inverter power derating	
15	PV is weak	POW/ [15] <sup>A</sup> /A
ВР	Battery is not connected	ЪP <sup>△</sup>



## **Faults Reference Code**

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan locked	
02	Over temperature	
03	Battery voltage is too high	
04	Battery voltage is too low	
05	Output short circuited	05
06	Output voltage abnormal	
07	Over load time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	08,
09	Bus soft start failed	09
10	PV current over	
11	PV voltage over	ERROR
12	Charge current over	
51	Over current or surge	ERROR.
52	Bus voltage is too low	[S]
53	Inverter soft start failed	
55	Over DC offset in AC output	[55 <sub>sree</sub>
56	Battery disconnected	56
57	Current sensor failed	[5]
58	Output voltage is too low	58



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

MODEL	2KW	3KW	5KW			
RATED OUPUT POWER	2000W	3000W	5000W			
PV INPUT (DC)						
Max. PV Power	3000W	4500W	6000W			
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	400 VDC	500 VDC	500 VDC			
MPPT Range @ Operating Voltage	120 VDC~400 VDC	120 VDC~400 VDC	120 VDC~450 VDC			
Max. PV Array Short Circuit Current	13A	18A	27A			
Number of MPP Tracker		1				
GRID-TIE OPERATION		-				
GRID OUTPUT (AC)						
Nominal Output Voltage		220/230/240 VAC				
Transmission of the transm	195	.5~253 VAC @India regula	tion			
Feed-in Grid Voltage Range		264.5 VAC @Germany reg				
l cea in cha rollage hange		4.5 VAC @South America r				
		49~51Hz @India regulation				
Feed-in Grid Frequency Range		~51.5Hz @Germany regula				
. sea sina i requesito, rianige		57~62Hz @South America				
Nominal Output Current	8.7A	13A	21.7A			
Power Factor Range	>0.99					
Maximum Conversion Efficiency (DC/AC)		95%				
OFF-GRID, HYBRID OPERATION		50,0				
GRID INPUT						
Acceptable Input Voltage Range	90 - 280 VAC or 170 - 280 VAC					
Frequency Range		50 Hz/60 Hz (Auto sensing				
rrequeriey runge	< 10ms (for UPS)					
Transfer Time	< 20ms (for home appliances)					
Transfer Time	< 50ms (for parallel system operation)					
Rating of AC Transfer Relay	20A	30A	40A			
BATTERY MODE OUTPUT (AC)	<b>=v</b> .:					
Nominal Output Voltage		220/230/240 VAC				
Output Waveform	Pure Sine Wave					
Efficiency (DC to AC)	92% 93% 93%					
BATTERY & CHARGER	3270	3370	33 70			
Nominal DC Voltage		48 VDC				
Maximum Charging Current (from Grid)	40A	60A	100A			
Maximum Charging Current (from PV)	40A	60A	100A			
Maximum Charging Current  Maximum Charging Current	40A	60A	100A			
GENERAL	IUA	1 00/1	100/4			
Dimension, D X W X H (mm)		200 x 360 x 665				
Net Weight (kgs)	22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5					
INTERFACE	44.5	<u> </u>	22.3			
Parallel-able		Yes				
External Safety Box (Optional)						
, , , , ,						
Communication  ENVIRONMENT		USB or RS232 / RS 485				
ENVIRONMENT	^	~ 95% RH (No condensing	a)			
Humidity	0		9)			
Operating Temperature	-25°C to 50°C					



## **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do		
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low (<1.91V/Cell)	Re-charge battery.     Replace battery.		
No response after power on.	No indication.	<ol> <li>The battery voltage is far too low. (&lt;1.4V/Cell)</li> <li>Battery polarity is connected reversed.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well.</li> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> </ol>		
	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.		
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	<ol> <li>Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long.</li> <li>Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)</li> </ol>		
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.		
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.		
	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.		
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.		
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.		
	will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.  The battery voltage is to (<1.91V/Cell)  Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.  Input protector is tripped in the LCD and green LED is flashing.  Green LED is flashing.  Insufficient quality of AC (Shore or Generator)  Green LED is flashing.  ECD display and LEDs are flashing are flashing  LCD display and LEDs are flashing  Fault code 07  Overload error. The invertication of component is over 100°C (Shore or Generator)  Fault code 05  Fault code 00  Fault code 06/58  Fault code 01  Fault code 03  Fault code 01  Fault code 05  Fault code 05  Fault code 06/58  Fault code 10  Fault code 51  Over current or surge.  Fault code 55  Output voltage is not connected fuse is burnt.	Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.		
	Fault code 03	The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.		
Buzzer beeps	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan.		
continuously and red LED is on.	Fault code 06/58	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac)	Reduce the connected load.     Return to repair center		
		Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.		
	Fault code 10	Surge			
	Fault code 12	DC/DC over current or surge.	Restart the unit, if the error		
	Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	happens again, please return		
	Fault code 52	Bus voltage is too low.	to repair center.		
	Fault code 55	Output voltage is unbalanced.			
	Fault code 56	Battery is not connected well or fuse is burnt.	If the battery is connected well, please return to repair center.		
	Fault code 11	Solar input voltage is more than 450V.	Solar input voltage is more than 450V.		



## **Appendix I: Parallel function**

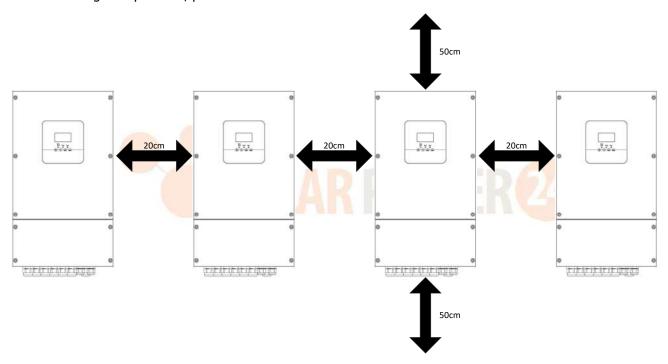
#### 1. Introduction

This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

- 1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 9 units. The supported maximum output power for 2KW is 18KW/18KVA, for 3KW is 27KW/27KVA and for 5KW is 45KW/45KVA.
- 2. Maximum nine units work together to support three-phase equipment. Seven units support one phase maximum. For 2KW, the supported maximum output power is 18KW/18KVA and one phase can be up to 14KW/14KVA. For 3KW, the supported maximum output power is 27KW/27KVA and one phase can be up to 21KW/21KVA. For 5KW, the supported maximum output power is 45KW/45KVA and one phase can be up to 35KW/35KVA.

#### 2. Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



**NOTE:** For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit at the same level.

#### 3. Wiring Connection

**NOTICE:** It's requested to connect to battery for parallel operation.

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below:

Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter:

Model	AWG no.	Torque
2KW	1*4AWG	2~ 3 Nm
3KW	1*4AWG	2~ 3 Nm
5KW	1*2AWG	2~ 3 Nm



**WARNING:** Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.

#### Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:

Model	AWG no.	Torque
2KW	10 AWG	1.2~1.6Nm
3KW	10 AWG	1.2~1.6Nm
5KW	10 AWG	1.2~1.6Nm

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example: You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

**WARNING!!** Make sure all output N wires of each inverter must be connected all the time. Otherwise, it will cause inverter fault in error code #72.

**CAUTION!!** Please install the breaker at the battery and AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of battery or AC input. The recommended mounted location of the breakers is shown in the figures in 5-1 and 5-2.

#### Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:

Model	1 unit*			
2KW	80A/70VDC			
3KW	100A/70VDC			
5KW	140A/70VDC			

<sup>\*</sup>If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of 1 unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

#### Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:

Model	2 units	3 units	4 units	5 units	6 units	7 units	8 units	9 units
2KW	80A/	120A/	160A/	200A/	240A/	280A/	320A/	360A/
ZNVV	230VAC							
3KW	80A/	120A/	160A/	200A/	240A/	280A/	320A/	360A/
SKVV	230VAC							
5KW	80A/	120A/	160A/	200A/	240A/	280A/	320A/	360A/
SKW	230VAC							

**Note1:** Also, you can use 40A breaker for 2KW and 50A for 3KW/5KW for only 1 unit and install one breaker at its AC input in each inverter.

**Note2:** Regarding three-phase system, you can use 4-pole breaker directly and the rating of the breaker should be compatible with the phase current limitation from the phase with maximum units

#### **Recommended battery capacity**

Inverter parallel numbers	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Battery Capacity for 2KW	200AH	400AH	400AH	600AH	600AH	800AH	800AH	1000AH
Battery Capacity for 3KW	400AH	600AH	800AH	1000AH	1200AH	1400AH	1600AH	1800AH
Battery Capacity for 5KW	400AH	600AH	800AH	1000AH	1200AH	1400AH	1600AH	1800AH

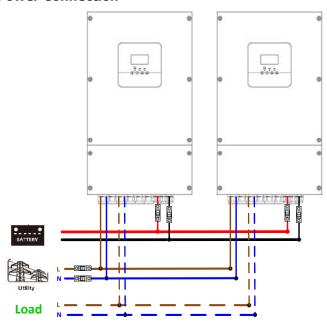
**WARNING!** Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.



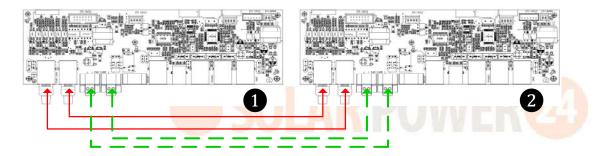
## 4-1. Parallel Operation in Single phase

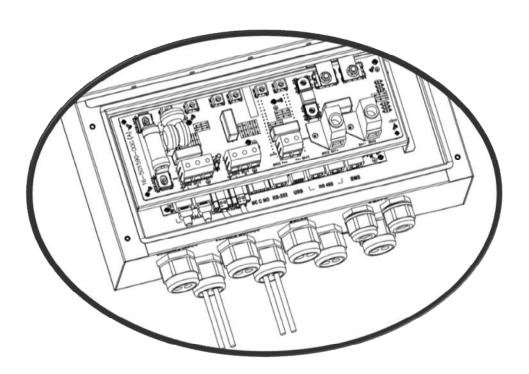
Two inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**



#### **Communication Connection**

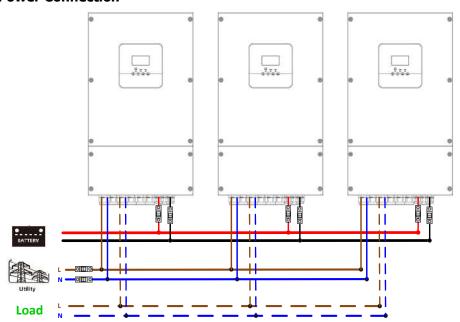




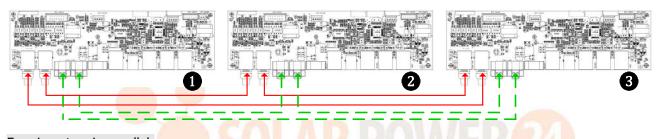


#### Three inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

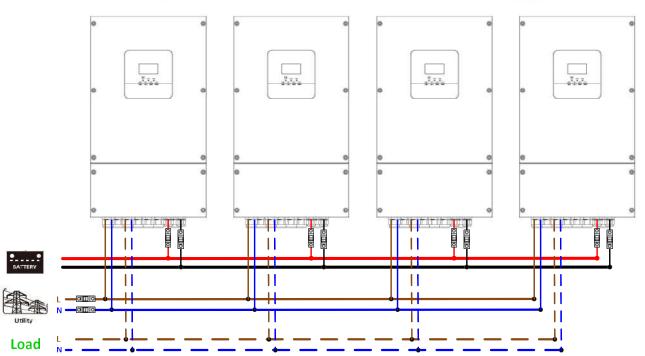


#### **Communication Connection**



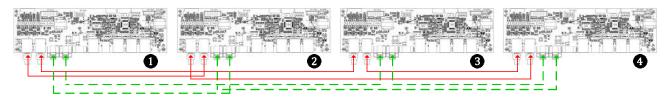
#### Four inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**



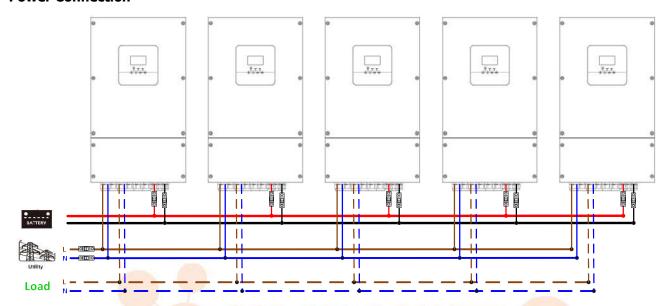


#### **Communication Connection**

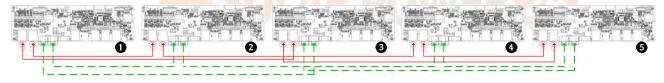


#### Five inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

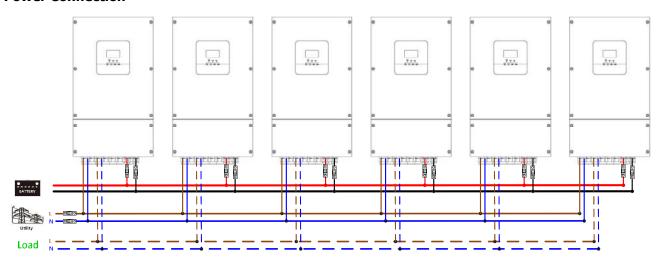


#### **Communication Connection**



# Six inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

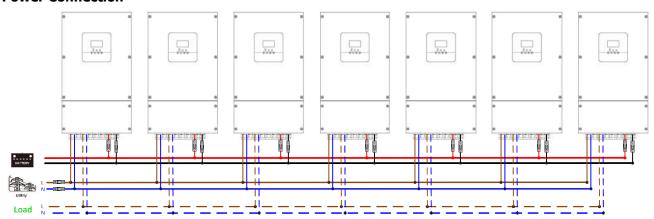






Seven to nine inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

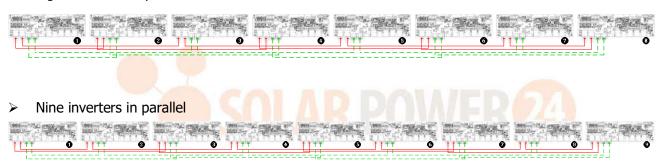


#### **Communication Connection**

Seven inverters in parallel



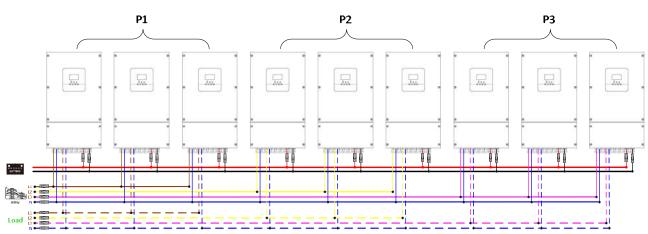
> Eight inverters in parallel



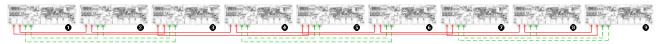
#### 4-2. Support 3-phase equipment

Three inverters in each phase:

#### **Power Connection**



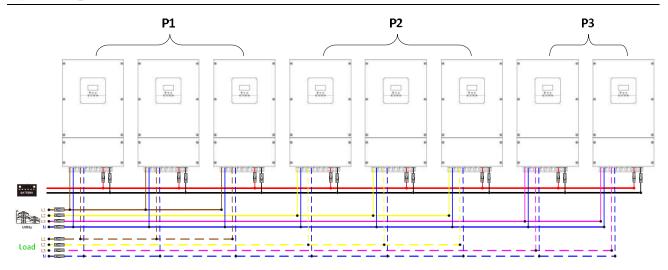
#### **Communication Connection**



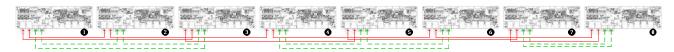
Three inverters in one phase, three inverters in second phase and two inverter for the third phase:

# **Power Connection**



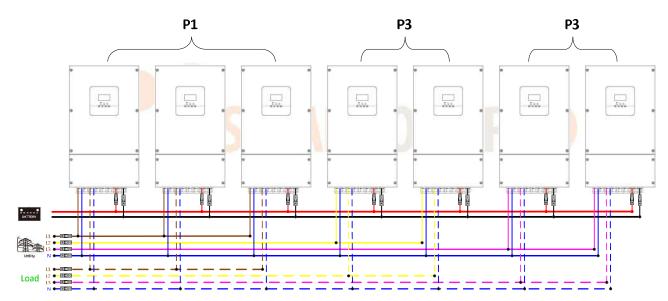


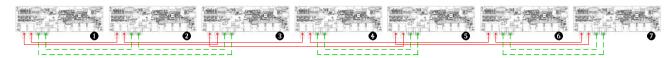
#### **Communication Connection**



Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and two inverters for the third phase:

#### **Power Connection**

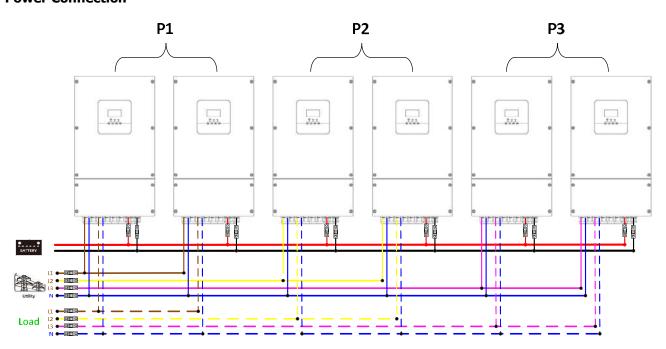




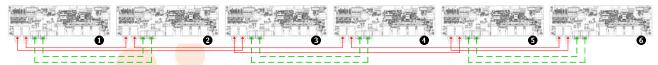


#### Two inverters in each phase:

#### **Power Connection**

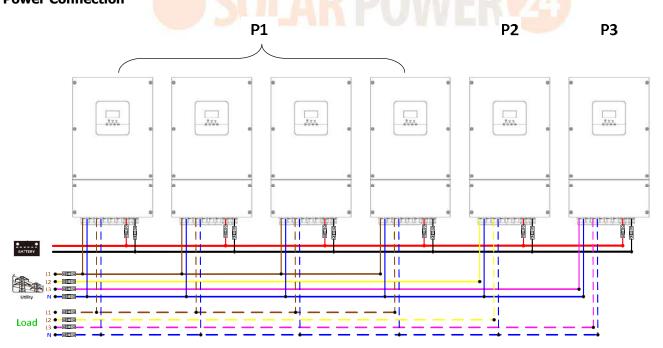


#### **Communication Connection**



Four inverters in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases:

# **Power Connection**

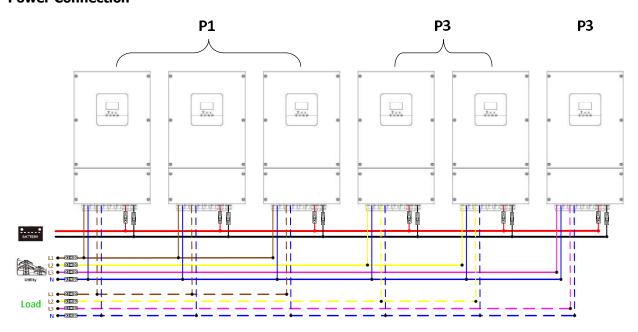




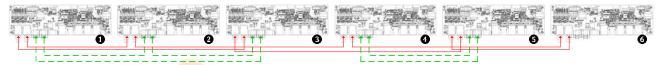


Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and one inverter for the third phase:

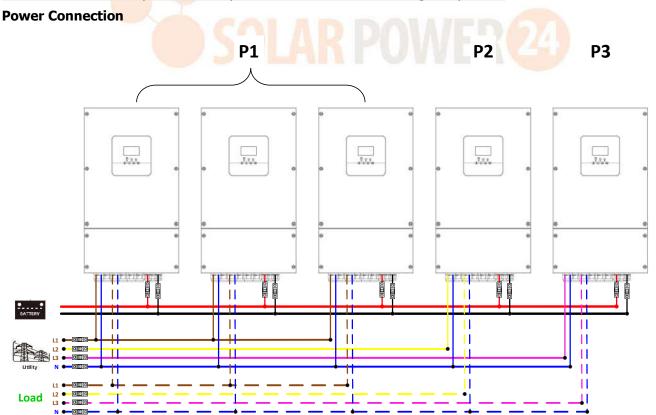
#### **Power Connection**

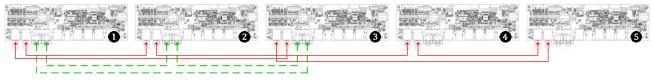


#### **Communication Connection**



Three inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining two phases:

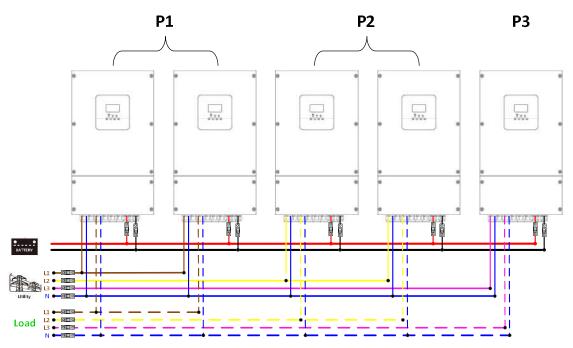




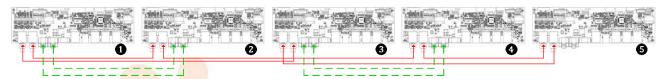


Two inverters in two phases and only one inverter for the remaining phase:

#### **Power Connection**

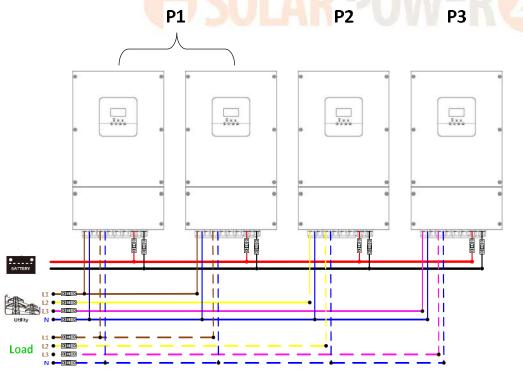


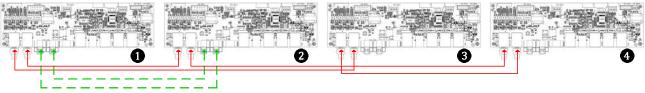
#### **Communication Connection**



Two inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining phases:

#### **Power Connection**

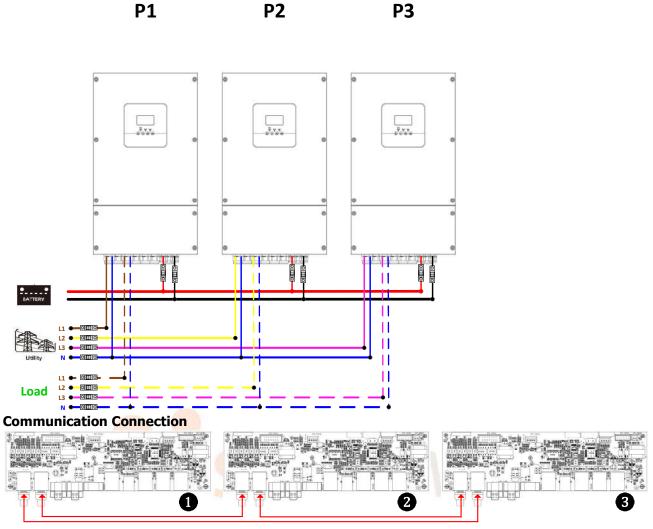






One inverter in each phase:

#### **Power Connection**



**WARNING:** Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases. Otherwise, it may damage the inverters.

# 5. PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection.

CAUTION: Each inverter should connect to PV modules separately.



# 6. LCD Setting and Display

# **Setting Program:**

Program	Description	Selectable option	
28	AC output mode *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off).	Single:	When the units are used in parallel with single phase, please select "PAL" in program 28.
		Parallel:	It is required to have at least 3 inverters or maximum 6 inverters to support three-phase equipment. It's required to have at least one inverter in each phase or it's up to four inverters in one phase. Please refers to 5-2 for detailed information. Please select "3P1" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L1 phase, "3P2" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L2 phase and "3P3" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L3 phase.  Be sure to connect share current cable to units which are on the same phase.  Do NOT connect share current cable
		L1 phase:	
		L2 phase:	
		L3 phase:	between units on different phases.  Besides, power saving function will be automatically disabled.

### Fault code display:

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
60	Power feedback protection	(60 <sub>m</sub>
71	Firmware version inconsistent	
72	Current sharing fault	
80	CAN fault	<b></b>
81	Host loss	8
82	Synchronization loss	82,
83	Battery voltage detected different	<b>83</b>
84	AC input voltage and frequency detected different	[84]
85	AC output current unbalance	85,
86	AC output mode setting is different	85



# 7. Commissioning

#### Parallel in single phase

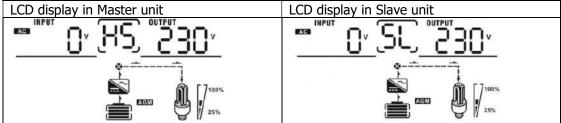
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 28 of each unit. And then shut down all units.

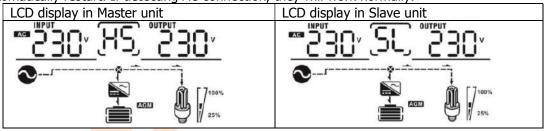
**NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on each unit.



**NOTE:** Master and slave units are randomly defined.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If not, it will display fault 82 in following-order inverters. However, these inverters will automatically restart. If detecting AC connection, they will work normally.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

#### Support three-phase equipment

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

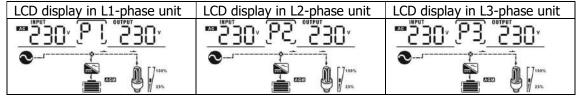
Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 28 as P1, P2 and P3 sequentially. And then shut down all units.

**NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially.



Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and three phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, the AC icon will flash and they will not work in line mode.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support 3-phase equipment is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.



Note 1: To avoid overload occurring, before turning on breakers in load side, it's better to have whole system in operation first.

Note 2: Transfer time for this operation exists. Power interruption may happen to critical devices, which cannot bear transfer time.

8. Trouble shooting

0. 110	ouble shooting	
Situation		
Fault Code	Fault Event Description	Solution
60	Current feedback into the inverter is detected.	<ol> <li>Restart the inverter.</li> <li>Check if L/N cables are not connected reversely in all inverters.</li> <li>For parallel system in single phase, make sure the sharing are connected in all inverters.</li> <li>For supporting three-phase system, make sure the sharing cables are connected in the inverters in the same phase, and disconnected in the inverters in different phases.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
71	The firmware version of each inverter is not the same.	<ol> <li>Update all inverter firmware to the same version.</li> <li>Check the version of each inverter via LCD setting and make sure the CPU versions are same. If not, please contact your instraller to provide the firmware to update.</li> <li>After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
72	The output current of each inverter is different.	<ol> <li>Check if sharing cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
80	CAN data loss	Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the
81	Host data loss	Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter.
82	Synchronization data loss	2. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.
83	The battery voltage of each inverter is not the same.	<ol> <li>Make sure all inverters share same groups of batteries together.</li> <li>Remove all loads and disconnect AC input and PV input. Then, check battery voltage of all inverters. If the values from all inverters are close, please check if all battery cables are the same length and same material type. Otherwise, please contact your installer to provide SOP to calibrate battery voltage of each inverter.</li> <li>If the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
84	AC input voltage and frequency are detected different.	<ol> <li>Check the utility wiring conncetion and restart the inverter.</li> <li>Make sure utility starts up at same time. If there are breakers installed between utility and inverters, please be sure all breakers can be turned on AC input at same time.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
85	AC output current unbalance	<ol> <li>Restart the inverter.</li> <li>Remove some excessive loads and re-check load information from LCD of inverters. If the values are different, please check if AC input and output cables are in the same length and material type.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
86	AC output mode setting is different.	<ol> <li>Switch off the inverter and check LCD setting #28.</li> <li>For parallel system in single phase, make sure no 3P1, 3P2 or 3P3 is set on #28.</li> <li>For upporting three-phase system, make sure no "PAL" is set on #28.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>



# **Appendix II: BMS Communication Installation**

#### 1. Introduction

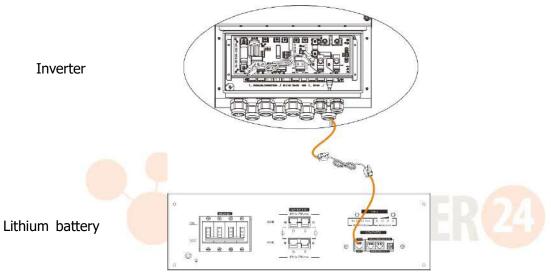
If connecting to lithium battery, it is recommended to purchase a custom-made RJ45 communication cable. Please check with your dealer or integrator for details.

This custom-made RJ45 communication cable delivers information and signal between lithium battery and the inverter. These information are listed below:

- Re-configure charging voltage, charging current and battery discharge cut-off voltage according to the lithium battery parameters.
- Have the inverter start or stop charging according to the status of lithium battery.

# 2. Lithium Battery Connection

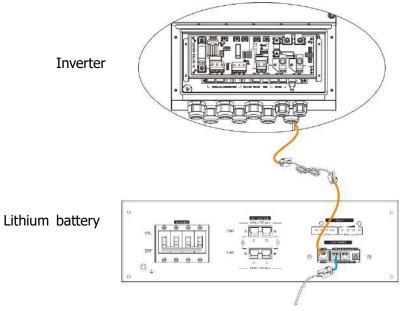
Step 1. Use a custom-made RJ45 cable to connect inverter and Lithium battery.



#### Please take notice for parallel system:

- 1. Only support common battery installation.
- 2. Use one custom-made RJ45 cable to connect any inverter (no need to connect to a specific inverter) and Lithium battery.

Step 2. Use supplied BMS-ready cable to connect either one of "Battery Capacity Extension" ports.

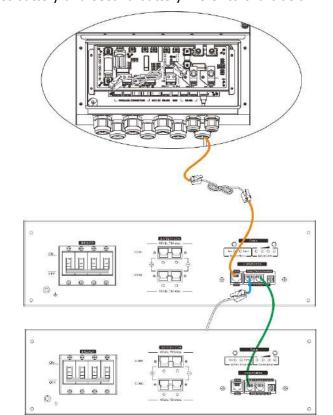




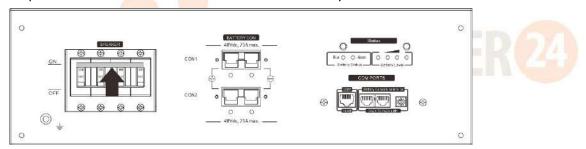
1st Lithium battery

2nd Lithium battery

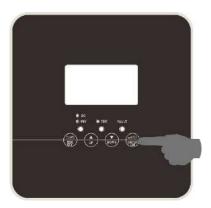
Step 3. If more than one battery, please be sure to set up each battery with unique ID. Then, use supplied RJ11 cable to connect first battery and second battery. Refer to chart below.



Step 4: Switch breaker to "ON" status on Lithium battery.



Step 5. Turn on the inverter.



If communication between the inverter and battery is successful, the battery frame icon LCD display will "flash". Generally speaking, it will take longer than 1 minute to establish communication.



# **Appendix III: Approximate Back-up Time Table**

Model	Load (VA)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 100Ah (min)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 200Ah (min)
	200	1581	3161
	400	751	1581
	600	491	1054
	800	331	760
2KW	1000	268	615
ZNVV	1200	221	508
	1400	172	387
	1600	136	335
	1800	120	295
	2000	106	257
	300	1054	2107
	600	491	1054
	900	291	688
	1200	196	497
3KW	1500	159	402
SKVV	1800	123	301
	2100	105	253
	2400	91	219
	2700	71	174
	3000	63	155

Model	Load (VA)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 200Ah (min)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 400Ah (min)
	500	1226	2576
	1000	536	1226
	1500	316	804
	2000	222	542
EKW	2500	180	430
5KW	3000	152	364
	3500	130	282
	4000	100	224
	4500	88	200
	5000	80	180

**Note:** Backup time depends on the quality of the battery, age of battery and type of battery. Specifications of batteries may vary depending on different manufacturers.