

# **User Manual**

# Infinisolar Solo V II Hybrid 2KW/3KW/5KW INVERTER / CHARGER

Version: 1.4



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# **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

# **Purpose**

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

# Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

# SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- 2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- 5. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- 6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
- 8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
- 10. Fuses are provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.
- 14. ATTENTION IN CASE OF MALFUNCTION OF THE PRODUCT PLEASE CONTACT US BY EMAIL AT assistenza@solarpower24.it WITH THE SERIAL NUMBER OF PRODUCT, EXACT MODEL, DEFECT FOUND AND YOU WILL BE CONTACTED. PLEASE NOTE THAT THE PRODUCT MUST NOT BE OPENED IN ANY WAY AND THAT OPENING WITH THE CONSEQUENT BREAKING OF THE WARRANTY SEAL VOIDS WARRANTY ON THE PRODUCT.





# **INTRODUCTION**

This hybrid PV inverter can provide power to connected loads by utilizing PV power, utility power and battery power.

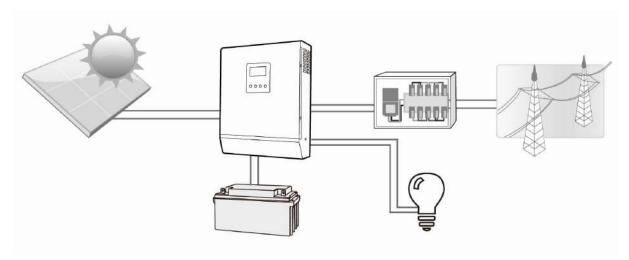
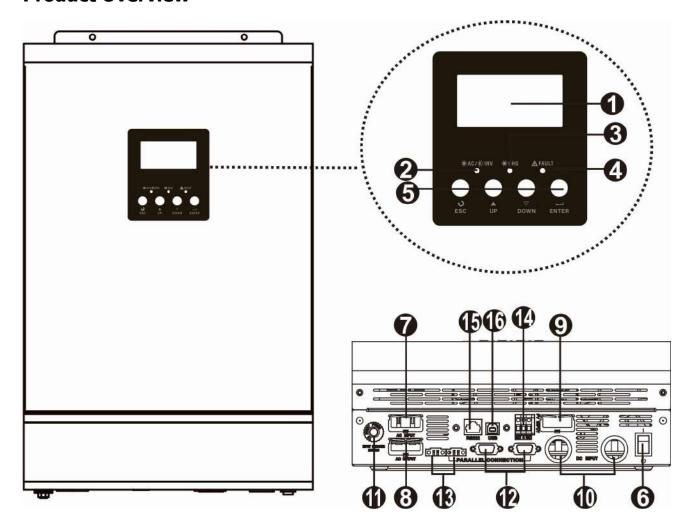


Figure 1 Basic hybrid PV System Overview

Depending on different power situations, this hybrid inverter is designed to generate continuous power from PV solar modules (solar panels), battery, and the utility. When MPP input voltage of PV modules is within acceptable range (see specification for the details), this inverter is able to generate power to feed the grid (utility) and charge battery. **Never connect the positive and negative terminals of the solar panel to the ground.** See Figure 1 for a simple diagram of a typical solar system with this hybrid inverter.



# **Product Overview**



**NOTE:** For parallel model installation and operation, please check separate parallel installation guide for the details.

- 1. LCD display
- 2. Status indicator
- 3. Charging indicator
- 4. Fault indicator
- 5. Function buttons
- 6. Power on/off switch
- 7. Grid connectors
- 8. AC output connectors (Load connection)

- 9. PV connectors
- 10. Battery connectors
- 11. Circuit breaker
- 12. Parallel communication cable
- 13. Current sharing cable
- 14. Dry contact
- 15. RS-232 communication port
- 16. USB communication port



# **INSTALLATION**

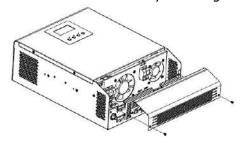
# **Unpacking and Inspection**

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1
- Communication cable x 2
- Software CD x 1

# **Preparation**

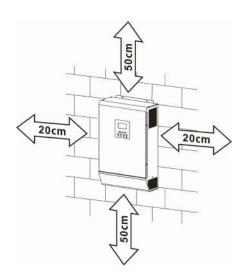
Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.



# **Mounting the Unit**

Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

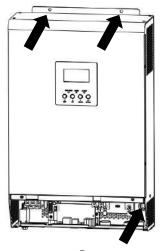
- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.





# SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

Install the unit by screwing three screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.





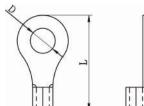
# **Battery Connection**

**CAUTION:** For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable and terminal size as below.

# Ring terminal:

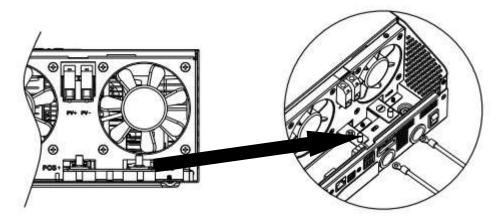


# **Recommended battery cable and terminal size:**

Model	Typical	Battery	Wire Size	Ring Terminal		Torque	
	Amperage	Capacity		Cable	Dimensions		Value
				mm²	D (mm)	L (mm)	
2KW	55A	100AH	1*6AWG	14	6.4	33.2	2~3 Nm
3KW	82A	200AH	1*4AWG	22	6.4	33.2	2~3 Nm
5KW	137A	200AH	1*2AWG	38	6.4	33.2	2~3 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Assemble battery ring terminal based on recommended battery cable and terminal size.
- 2. Insert the ring terminal of battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the nuts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and ring terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.





**WARNING: Shock Hazard** 

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



**CAUTION!!** Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the ring terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.

**CAUTION!!** Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

**CAUTION!!** Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).



# **AC Input/Output Connection**

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input.

**CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

### Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Model	Gauge	Torque Value
2KW	14 AWG	0.8~ 1.0 Nm
3KW	12 AWG	1.2~ 1.6 Nm
5KW	10 AWG	1.2~ 1.6 Nm

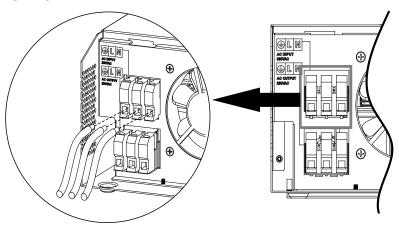
Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.

**Ground** (yellow-green)

L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)





#### **WARNING:**

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

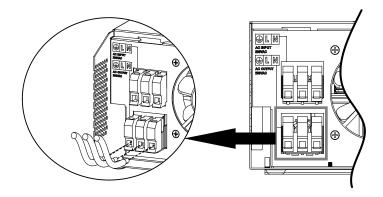
4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.

⊕→Ground (yellow-green)

L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)





Make sure the wires are securely connected.

### **CAUTION: Important**

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

**CAUTION:** Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

### **PV Connection**

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING:** Please switch off the inverter before you connect PV modules. Otherwise, it will damage the inverter.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Typical Amperage	Cable Size	Torque
2KW	13A	12AWG	2.0~2.4Nm
3KW	18A	10AWG	2.0~2.4Nm
5KW	18A	10AWG	2.0~2.4Nm

#### **PV Module Selection:**

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

Solar Charging Mode						
INVERTER MODEL	2KW	зкพ	5KW			
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	450 Vdc					
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	90~430Vdc	90~430Vdc 120~430Vdc				
MPP Number		1				

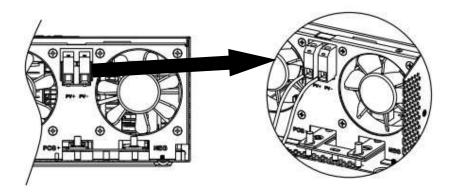
Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive





pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.



**Recommended PV module Configuration** 

Recommended FV module Comiguration					
PV Module Spec.	Total solar input power	Solar input	Q'ty of modules		
(reference)	1500W	6 pieces in series	6 pcs		
<ul><li>- 250Wp</li><li>- Vmp: 30.7Vdc</li></ul>	2000W	8 pieces in series	8 pcs		
- Imp: 8.15A	2750W	11 pieces in series	11 pcs		
- Voc: 37.4Vdc	3000W	6 pieces in series	12 ncc		
- Isc: 8.63A	300000	2 strings in parallel	12 pcs		
- Cells: 60	4000W	8 pieces in series	16 pss		
	400000	2 strings in parallel	16 pcs		
	E000W	10 pieces in series	20 ncc		
	5000W	2 strings in parallel	20 pcs		

# **Communication Connection**

Please use supplied communication cable to connect to inverter and PC. Insert bundled CD into a computer and follow on-screen instruction to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check user manual of software inside of CD.

# **Dry Contact Signal**

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level.

Unit Status			(	Condition	Dry contact port: NC C NO	
					NC & C	NO & C
Power Off	Unit is off	and	d no output is	powered.	Close	Open
	Output is	Output is powered from Utility.				Open
	Output powered	is	Program 01 set as SUB	Battery voltage < Low DC warning voltage	Open	Close
Power On	from Battery Solar.	or		Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 21 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open
			Program 01 is set as	Battery voltage < Setting value in Program 20	Open	Close
			SBU	Battery voltage > Setting value in	Close	Open

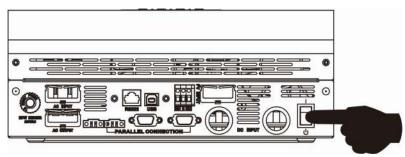


	Program 21 or battery charging	
	reaches floating stage	



# **OPERATION**

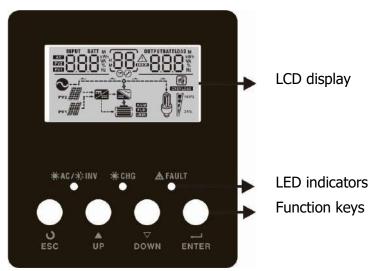
# **Power ON/OFF**



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

# **Operation and Display Panel**

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



# **LED Indicator**

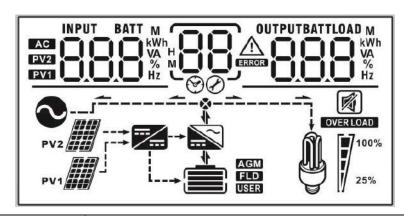
LED 1	Indicator		Messages
<b>☀</b> AC/ <b>☀</b> INV	Solid Or		Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
AC/ ACINV	AC/ INV Green	Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
<b>★</b> CHG	Cuan	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
₩ UNU	Green		Battery is charging.
A FAILT	Dod	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
<b>⚠ FAULT</b> Red	Reu	Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.

# **Function Keys**

<b>Function Key</b>	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode



# **LCD Display Icons**



Icon	Function					
Input source information						
AC	Indicates the AC ir	Indicates the AC input				
PV1	Indicates the 1st P	V panel input				
PV2	Indicates the 2 <sup>nd</sup> P	V panel input				
Left digital display information						
INPUT BATT M  AG	Indicate input voltage, charger co		cy, battery voltage,	PV1 voltage, PV2		
Middle digital display information						
88	Indicates the setti	ng programs.				
	Indicates the warr	ning and fault code	S.			
BBA	Warning: Flashing with warning code					
	Fault: display with fault code					
Right digital display information						
888 kWh	Indicate the output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load VA, load W, PV1 charger power, PV2 charger power, DC discharging current.					
Battery information						
	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% and charging status.					
AGM FLD USER	Indicates the battery type: AGM, Flooded or User-defined battery.					
Load information						
OVER LOAD	Indicates overload.					
	Indicates the load	level by 0-24%, 25	5-50%, 50-74%, ar	nd 75-100%.		
<b>M</b> 7 100%	0%~25%	25%~50%	50%~75%	75%~100%		
25%	[]	7	7	7		



Mode operation information				
$\odot$	Indicates unit connects to the mains.			
PV1	Indicates unit connects to the 1 <sup>st</sup> PV panel			
<del></del>	Indicates the solar charger is working			
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.			
Mute operation				
	Indicates unit alarm is disabled.			

# **LCD Setting**

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Program	Description	Selectable option	
00	Exit setting mode	Escape	
		0 <sub>0</sub> 1_5Ub_	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.  If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, Utility energy will supply power to the loads at the same time.
01	Output source priority selection	0 <sub>0</sub> I <u>SbU</u>	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.  If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time.  Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 20 or solar and battery is not sufficient.
02	AC input voltage range	Appliances (default)	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC.
	-		If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC.



	·		
03	Output voltage	220Vac 220v	230V (Default)
		240Vac 240v	
04	Output frequency	50Hz (default)	60Hz □4 60 Hz
		0 <u>\$_6LU</u>	Solar energy provides power to charge battery as first priority.
05	Solar supply priority	0 <u>\$_LbU_</u>	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.
06	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.  Bypass disable (default)		Bypass enable  05
07	Auto restart when overload occurs  Restart disable (default)  L L L		Restart enable  LHE
08	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable  OB LHE
09	Solar energy feed to grid configuration	08 219	Solar energy feed to grid disable.
09		09_6FE_	Solar energy feed to grid enable.
	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	If this inverter/charger is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode, charger source can be programmed as below:	
10		Solar first	Solar energy will charge battery as first priority.
		<u>  [50</u>	Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.
		Solar and Utility (default)	Solar energy and utility will charge battery at the same time.
		ID SNU	



SOLAR POWERS		Only Solar	Solar energy will be the only charger
		1 <u>0</u> 050	source no matter utility is available or not.
		saving mode, only sola	is working in Battery mode or Power or energy can charge battery. Solar tery if it's available and sufficient.
11	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	60A (default)	For 2KW/3KW models, setting range is from 10A to 60A. For 5KW model, setting range is from 10A to 80A. Increment of each click is 10A.
	Maximum utility charging current	<sup>2A</sup>	10A 
		20A 13 Ø20^^	30A (default)
13		40A   <del>                                    </del>	50A 13 50^
		60A 13 _ 60^	70A (only for 5KW model)
		80A (only for 5KW model)	
		1 <u>3</u> 80.	
		AGM (default)	Flooded FLd
14	Battery type	User-Defined    USE	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 17, 18 and 19.



		Default cettings F6 4V
17	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	Default setting: 56.4V
		If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.
18	Floating charging voltage	Default setting: 54.0V  FLU 18 54.0V  If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program can be
		set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 60.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.  Default setting: 40.8V
19	Low DC cut off battery voltage setting	If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 40.8V to 48.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to
		setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.  44.0V  45.0V
	Battery stop discharging voltage when grid is available	20 <u>44'</u> 20 <u>45'</u>
		46.0V (default) 47.0V
20		20 <u>"46"</u> 20 <u>"47"</u>
20		48.0V 49.0V BATT BATT
		CD 48 CD 49 49 1
		50.0V 51.0V BATT
		20 50 20 5 h
	Battery stop charging voltage when grid is available	Battery fully charged 48.0V
24		Col_FUL_ Col_480°
21		49.0V 50.0V BATT BATT
		로 <sub>6</sub> 1 <u> 49.0°</u> 로 <u>61 50.0°</u>



SOLAR POWER (1)			
		51.0V	52.0V
		2 <sub>0</sub> 1 5 10 v	2 <sub>0</sub> 1_5 <u>20</u>
		53.0V	54.0V
		2 <sub>1</sub> 5 <u>30</u> ,	2 <sub>∅</sub> 1 5 <sup>k</sup> ŸD <sup>v</sup>
		55.0V	56.0V
		2 <sub>0</sub> 1_5 <u>50</u>	2 <u>√ 580°</u>
		57.0V	58.0V
21	Battery stop charging voltage when grid is available	$\frac{2}{9}$	2 <sub>0</sub> 1_580.
	Auto return to default display screen	Return to default display screen (default)	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is
22			pressed for 1 minute.
		Stay at latest screen	If selected, the display screen will stay at latest screen user finally switches.
		Backlight on (default)	Backlight off
23	Backlight control	5 <u>\$</u>	2 <u>3</u>
		Alarm on (default)	Alarm off
24	Alarm control	54 <u>POU</u>	54 <u>POE</u>
25	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off 25 ROF
27	Record Fault code	Record enable(default)	Record disable



		Single: This inverter is used in single phase	Parallel: This inverter is operated in parallel system.
		application.	28 PRL
		L1 phase	The inverter is operated in L1 phase
28	AC output mode  *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby	28 <u>3</u> P !	in 3-phase application.
	mode (Switch off).	L2 phase	The inverter is operated in L2 phase in 3-phase application.
		2 <u>8 "372</u>	in 5 phase application.
		L3 phase	The inverter is operated in L3 phase in 3-phase application.
		4월 <u>393</u>	
		Not reset(Default)	Reset
29	Reset PV energy storage	ς <u>å ሀ-F</u>	- 3 <u>- 1 JC</u>
		00:00 (Default)	
30	Start charging time for AC charger	<u>"SLA 30 (</u>	DOO b
			rt charging time for AC charger is from ent of each click is 1 hour.
		00:00 (Default)	_
31	Stop charging time for AC charger	<u> </u>	<u>00.0</u> "
		The setting range of sto	p charging time for AC charger is from ent of each click is 1 hour.
		00:00 (Default)	and of Cachi Chick is 1 Hour.
32	Scheduled time for AC output on	<u> </u>	000 *
			neduled Time for AC output on is from ent of each click is 1 hour.
		00:00(Default)	2000
33	Scheduled time for AC output off	<u>~0</u> 88 33 <u>°</u>	DOO "
			neduled Time for AC output off is from ent of each click is 1 hour.



	- SAMI VIIII			
		India(Default)	If selected, acceptable feed-in grid	
		34 100	voltage range will be	
		⊃2       Q	195.5~253VAC. Acceptable feed-in	
			grid frequency range will be	
			49~51Hz.	
		Germany	If selected, acceptable feed-in grid	
	Cot according a contagnitud	34 CE4	voltage range will be	
34	Set country customized regulations	<i>-</i> ⁄ <sub>∅</sub> ' UL''	184~264.5VAC. Acceptable feed-in	
			grid frequency range will be	
			47.5~51.5Hz.	
		South America	If selected, acceptable feed-in grid	
		34 cgu	voltage range will be	
		_,	184~264.5VAC. Acceptable feed-in	
			grid frequency range will be	
			57~62Hz.	
		. 0 00	00	
95	Time setting – Minute	<u> </u>	<u>UU_</u>	
		For minute setting, the	range is from 00 to 59.	
	Time setting – Hour	HON ÃÞ	00	
96		For hour setting, the rar	ago is from 00 to 22	
		Tor flour setting, the rai	ige is from 60 to 23.	
		78r dJ	-	
97	Time setting- Day	<u> </u>		
		For day setting, the range	ge is from 00 to 31.	
		00 00	0.1	
98	Time setting– Month	_ <u></u>	<u>U I</u>	
	Time Setting Month			
		For month setting, the r	ange is from 01 to 12.	
99	Time setting – Year	468 33	16	
		For year setting the man	ago is from 16 to 00	
		For year setting, the ran	ige is from 16 to 99.	



# **Display Setting**

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in Watt, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main board firmware version and SCC firmware version.

Select item	LCD display
Input voltage and output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V  OUTPUT  OUTPU
Input frequency and output frequency	Input frequency=50.0Hz, output frequency=50.0Hz  OUTPUT  OUTPU
Battery voltage and output voltage	Battery Voltage=48.0V, output voltage=230V  BATT  OUTPUT  V  PV1  DISER  OUTPUT  100% 25%
Battery voltage and load percentage	Battery Voltage=48.0V, load percentage = 68%  BATT  LOAD  LOAD  PV1  PV1  DISER  F 100% 25%

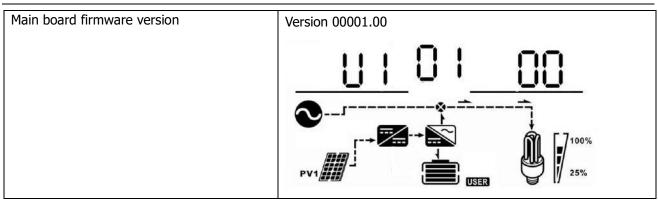


Battery voltage and load in VA	Battery Voltage=48.0V, load in VA=1.08kVA
	BATT LOAD
	<b>2</b>
	r-→
	PV1 1 25%
	USER W
Battery voltage and load in Watt	Battery Voltage=48.0V, load in Watt=1.88kW
	BATT LOAD
	_48U*
	<b>A</b>
	PV1 USER 25%
PV1 voltage and PV1 charger power	PV1 Voltage=360V, charging power=1.58kW  INPUT  OUTPUT
	<b>A</b>
	r→
Charger current and	PV1 USER 25%
Charger current and DC discharging current	Charging current=30A, discharging current=0A  INPUT BATT OUTPUTBATT
	INPUT BATT OUTPUTBATT
	<b>3</b>
	PV1 USER
PV energy generated today	Today energy = 6.3kWh
	<b>3</b>
	[7100%
	PV1



This month energy = 358kWh.
<u> 358 kwh</u>
PV1 100%
This year energy = 8.32MWh
<u>468</u> <u>832</u>
PV1 100%
Total energy = 13.9MWh
PV1
Real date Nov 28, 2016.
<u> 15   1 28</u>
PV1 USER 100%
Real time 13:20.
PV1 100%





# **Operating Mode Description**

Operating mode	Behaviors	LCD display
Standby mode  Note:  *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output.  *Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.	No output power, solar or utility charger available	Battery is charged by PV energy.  Battery is charged by utility and PV energy.  Battery is charged by PV energy and feed PV energy to grid.  No charging.
Line mode	Output power from utility. Charger available	Utility charges battery and provides power to load.  Utility and battery power provide power to load.  Utility and battery power provide power to load.



	1	
	Output power from utility. Charger available	PV energy, battery power and utility provide power to load.
Line mode	Output power from utility. Charger available	PV energy charges battery, utility and PV energy provide power to the load.  PV energy charges battery, utility and PV energy provide power to the load.  PV energy charges battery, PV energy provides power to the load and feeds remaining energy to the grid.  PV1  AGM  PV1  100% 25%
Battery mode	Output power from battery or PV	PV energy and battery energy supply power to the load.  PV energy charges battery and provides power to the load.  Battery provides power to the load.
Only PV mode	Output power from PV	PV provides power to the load.



Fault mode		No charging.
Note:  *Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.	No output, no charging.	AGM

# **Warning Indicator**

Warning Code	Warning Event	Icon flashing
01	Fan locked	
02	Over temperature	<u>~</u> 50〕
03	Battery over charged	<u>[D3</u> ^
04	Low battery	
07	Overload	OVERLOAD   100%   25%
10	Inverter power derating	
15	PV is weak	[ <b>15</b> ]
19	Battery is not connected	[bP]△



# **Faults Reference Code**

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan locked	
02	Over temperature	
03	Battery voltage is too high	
04	Battery voltage is too low	
05	Output short circuited	05,
06	Output voltage abnormal	
07	Over load time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	08,
09	Bus soft start failed	09,
10	PV current over	
11	PV voltage over	ERROR
12	Charge current over	ESTROITS
51	Over current or surge	EBROD
52	Bus voltage is too low	ERROR
53	Inverter soft start failed	53
55	Over DC offset in AC output	<u> </u>
56	Battery disconnected	55
57	Current sensor failed	
58	Output voltage is too low	



# **SPECIFICATIONS**

MODEL	2KW	3KW	5KW		
RATED OUPUT POWER	2000W	3000W	5000W		
PV INPUT (DC)					
Max. PV Power	3000W	4000W	5000W		
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage		450 VDC			
MPPT Range @ Operating Voltage	90 VDC~430 VDC	120 VDC~	430 VDC		
Number of MPP Tracker		1			
GRID-TIE OPERATION					
GRID OUTPUT (AC)					
Nominal Output Voltage		220/230/240 VAC			
	195.5	~253 VAC @India regulat	ion		
Feed-in Grid Voltage Range	184 ~ 26	64.5 VAC @Germany regu	lation		
		5 VAC @South America re	gulation		
		~51Hz @India regulation			
Feed-in Grid Frequency Range		51.5Hz @Germany regulat	tion		
		7~62Hz @South America			
Nominal Output Current	8.7A	13A	21.7A		
Power Factor Range		>0.99			
Maximum Conversion Efficiency (DC/AC)		95%			
OFF-GRID, HYBRID OPERATION					
GRID INPUT					
Acceptable Input Voltage Range		280 VAC or 170 - 280 VA	C		
Frequency Range		Hz/60 Hz (Auto sensing)			
Rating of AC Transfer Relay	30A	40,	4		
BATTERY MODE OUTPUT (AC)					
Nominal Output Voltage		220/230/2 <del>4</del> 0 VAC			
Output Waveform		Pure Sine Wave			
Efficiency (DC to AC)		93%			
BATTERY & CHARGER					
Nominal DC Voltage		48 VDC			
Maximum Charging Current (from Grid)	60		80A		
Maximum Charging Current (from PV)	60		80A		
Maximum Charging Current	60	A	80A		
GENERAL					
Dimension, D X W X H (mm)		120 x 295 x 468			
Net Weight (kgs)	11	11	12		
INTERFACE					
Parallel-able	Yes				
External Safety Box (Optional)	Yes				
Communication	USB or RS232/Dry-Contact				
ENVIRONMENT					
Humidity	0 ~ 90% RH (No condensing)				
Operating Temperature		-10°C to 50°C			



# **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do	
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low (<1.91V/Cell)	Re-charge battery.     Replace battery.	
No response after power on.	1. The battery voltage is far too		<ol> <li>Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well.</li> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> </ol>	
	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.	
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	<ol> <li>Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long.</li> <li>Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)</li> </ol>	
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.	
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.	
	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.	
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.	
		Temperature of internal converter component is over 120°C.  Internal temperature of inverter	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is	
	Fault code 02	component is over 100°C.	too high.	
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.  Check if spec and quantity of	
	rault code 03	The battery voltage is too high.	batteries are meet requirements.	
Buzzer beeps	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan.	
continuously and red LED is on.	Fault code 06/58	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac)	<ol> <li>Reduce the connected</li> <li>load.</li> <li>Return to repair center</li> </ol>	
	Fault code 08/09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.	
	Fault code 10	Surge		
	Fault code 12	DC/DC over current or surge.	Restart the unit, if the error	
	Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	happens again, please return	
	Fault code 52	Bus voltage is too low.	to repair center.	
	Fault code 55	Output voltage is unbalanced.		
	Fault code 56	Battery is not connected well or fuse is burnt.	If the battery is connected well, please return to repair center.	
	Fault code 11	Solar input voltage is more than 450V.	Solar input voltage is more than 450V.	



# **Appendix I: Parallel function**

#### 1. Introduction

This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

- 1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 9 units. The supported maximum output power for 2KW is 18KW/18KVA, for 3KW is 27KW/27KVA and for 5KW is 45KW/45KVA.
- 2. Maximum nine units work together to support three-phase equipment. Seven units support one phase maximum. For 2KW, the supported maximum output power is 18KW/18KVA and one phase can be up to 14KW/14KVA. For 3KW, the supported maximum output power is 27KW/27KVA and one phase can be up to 21KW/21KVA. For 5KW, the supported maximum output power is 45KW/45KVA and one phase can be up to 35KW/35KVA.

**NOTE:** If this unit is bundled with share current cable and parallel cable, this inverter is default supported parallel operation. You may skip section 3. If not, please purchase parallel kit and install this unit by following instruction from professional technical personnel in local dealer.

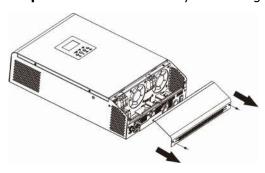
# 2. Package Contents

In parallel kit, you will find the following items in the package:

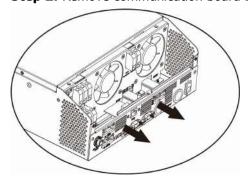


# 3. Parallel board installation

**Step 1:** Remove wire cover by unscrewing all screws.

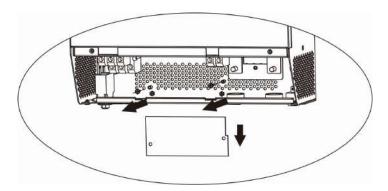


**Step 2:** Remove communication board by unscrewing two screws as below chart.

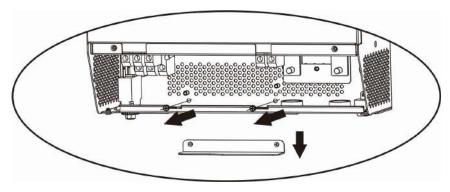




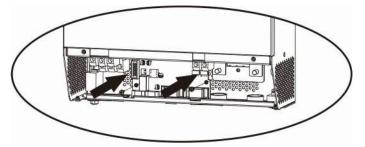
**Step 3:** Remove two screws as below chart and remove 2-pin and 14-pin cables. Take out the board under the communication board.



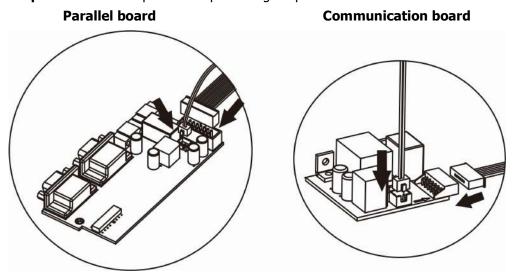
**Step 4:** Remove two screws as below chart to take out cover of parallel communication.



**Step 5:** Install new parallel board with 2 screws tightly.

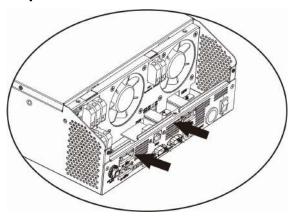


**Step 6:** Re-connect 2-pin and 14-pin to original position.





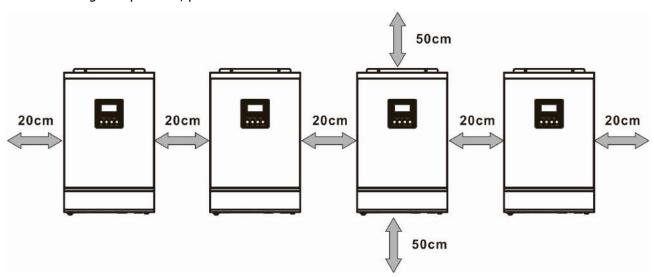
**Step 7:** Put communication board back to the unit.



**Step 8:** Put wire cover back to the unit. Now the inverter is providing parallel operation function.

# 4. Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



**NOTE:** For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit in the same level.

# 5. Wiring Connection

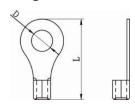
# NOTICE: It's requested to connect to battery for parallel operation.

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below:

# Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter:

		R	Ring Terminal				
Model	Wire Size	Cable	Cable Dimensions				Torque value
		mm <sup>2</sup>	D (mm)	L (mm)	value		
2KW	1*6AWG	14	6.4	33.2	2~ 3 Nm		
3KW	1*4AWG	22	6.4	33.2	2~ 3 Nm		
5KW	1*2AWG	38	6.4	33.2	2~ 3 Nm		





**WARNING:** Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.



#### **Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:**

Model	AWG no.	Torque
2KW	14 AWG	0.8~ 1.0 Nm
3KW	12 AWG	1.2~1.6Nm
5KW	10 AWG	1.2~1.6Nm

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example: You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

**WARNING!!** Make sure all output N wires of each inverter must be connected all the time. Otherwise, it will cause inverter fault in error code #72.

**CAUTION!!** Please install the breaker at the battery and AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of battery or AC input. The recommended mounted location of the breakers is shown in the figures in 5-1 and 5-2.

## Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:

Model	1 unit*
2KW	80A/70VDC
3KW	80A/70VDC
5KW	125A/70VDC

<sup>\*</sup>If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of 1 unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

## Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:

Model	2 units	3 units	4 units	5 units	6 units	7 units	8 units	9 units
2KW	80A/	120A/	160A/	200A/	240A/	280A/	320A/	360A/
ZNVV	230VAC							
3KW	80A/	120A/	160A/	200A/	240A/	280A/	320A/	360A/
3KW	230VAC							
EKW	80A/	120A/	160A/	200A/	240A/	280A/	320A/	360A/
5KW	230VAC							

**Note1:** Also, you can use 40A breaker for 2KW and 50A for 3KW/5KW for only 1 unit and install one breaker at its AC input in each inverter.

**Note2:** Regarding three-phase system, you can use 4-pole breaker directly and the rating of the breaker should be compatible with the phase current limitation from the phase with maximum units

## **Recommended battery capacity**

Inverter parallel numbers	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Battery Capacity for 2KW	200AH	400AH	400AH	600AH	600AH	800AH	800AH	1000AH
Battery Capacity for 3KW	400AH	600AH	800AH	1000AH	1200AH	1400AH	1600AH	1800AH
Battery Capacity for 5KW	400AH	600AH	800AH	1000AH	1200AH	1400AH	1600AH	1800AH

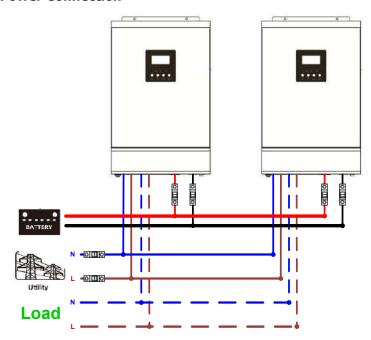
**WARNING!** Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.



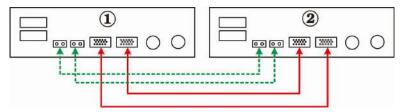
# 5-1. Parallel Operation in Single phase

Two inverters in parallel:

# **Power Connection**

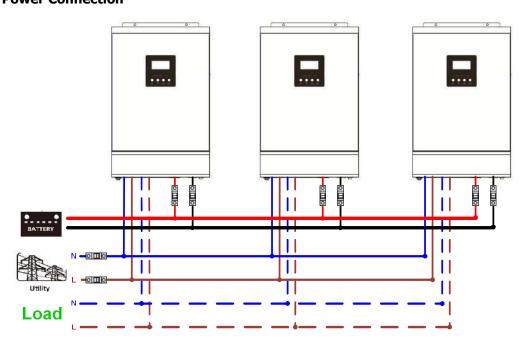


#### **Communication Connection**



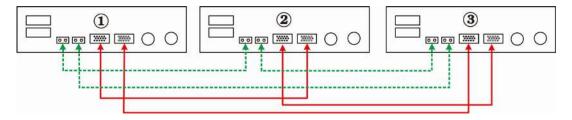
Three inverters in parallel:

# **Power Connection**



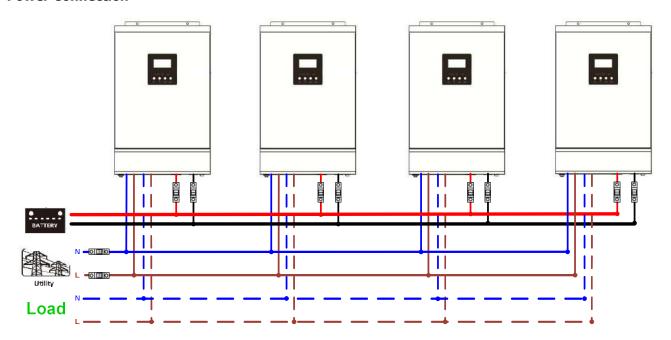


# **Communication Connection**

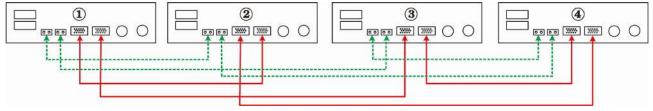


Four inverters in parallel:

# **Power Connection**

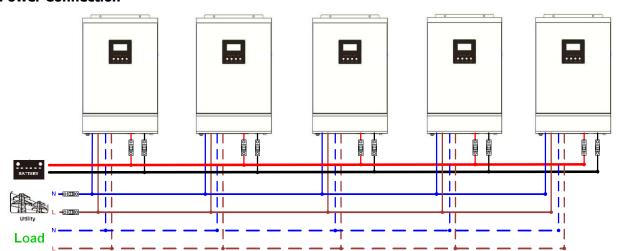


# **Communication Connection**



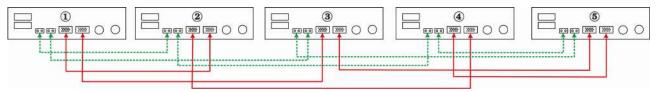
Five inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**



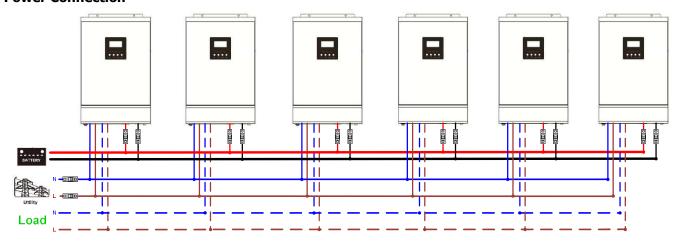


#### **Communication Connection**

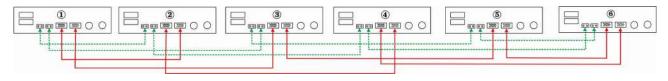


# Six inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

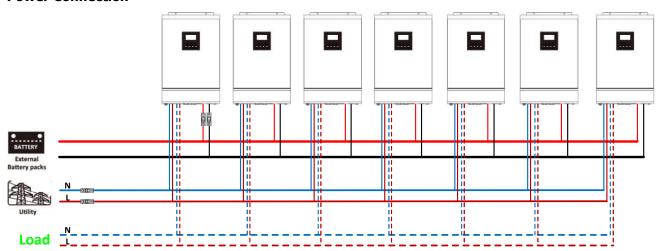


# **Communication Connection**



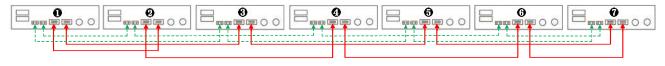
# Seven to nine inverters in parallel:

# **Power Connection**



#### **Communication Connection**

Seven inverters in parallel





# > Eight inverters in parallel



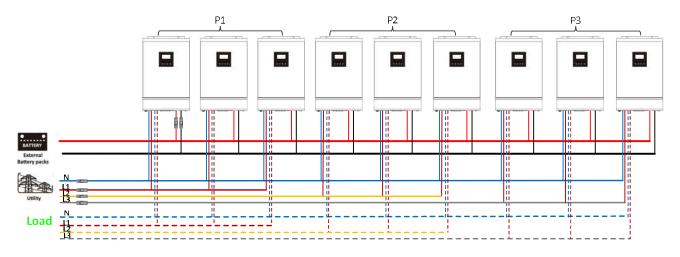
# Nine inverters in parallel



# 5-2. Support 3-phase equipment

Three inverters in each phase:

# **Power Connection**

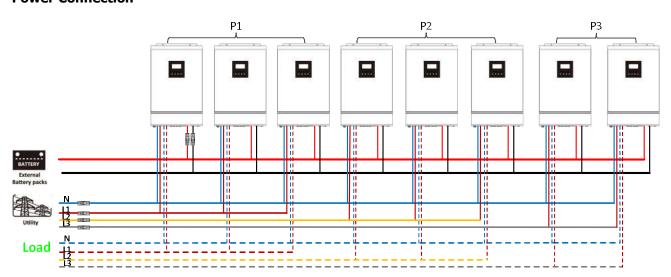


# **Communication Connection**



Three inverters in one phase, three inverters in second phase and two inverter for the third phase:

# **Power Connection**



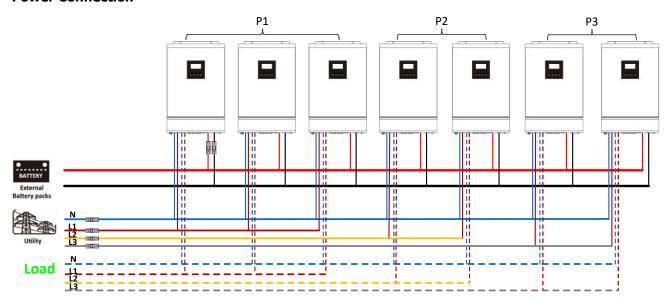


#### **Communication Connection**



Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and two inverters for the third phase:

#### **Power Connection**

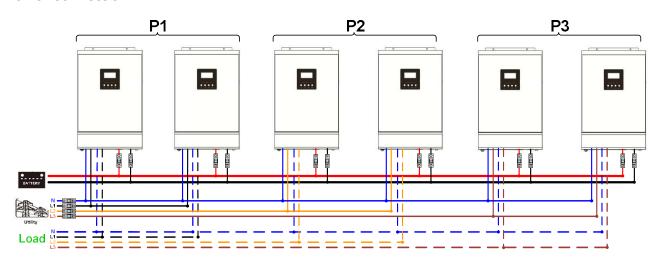


#### **Communication Connection**

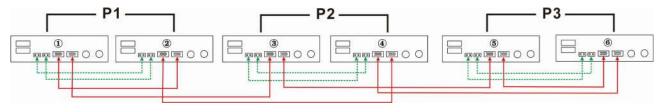


Two inverters in each phase:

#### **Power Connection**



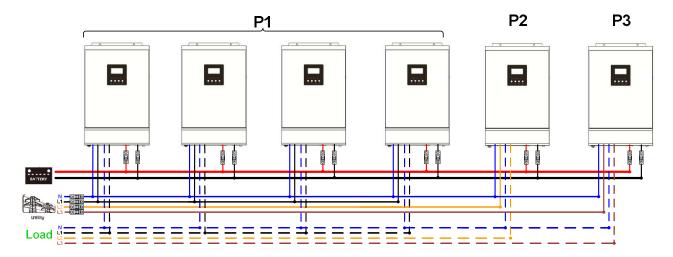
# **Communication Connection**



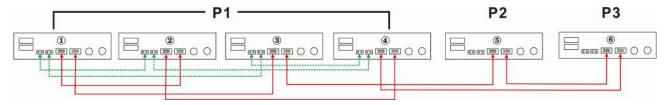


Four inverters in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases:

# **Power Connection**

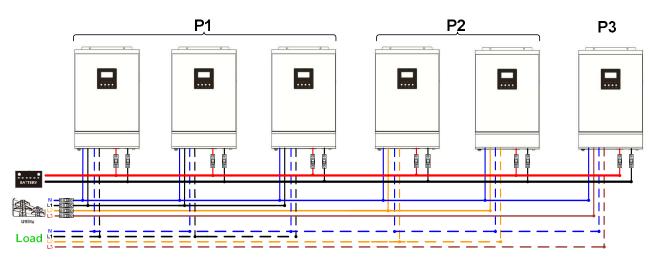


#### **Communication Connection**

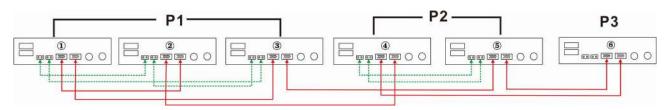


Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and one inverter for the third phase:

# **Power Connection**



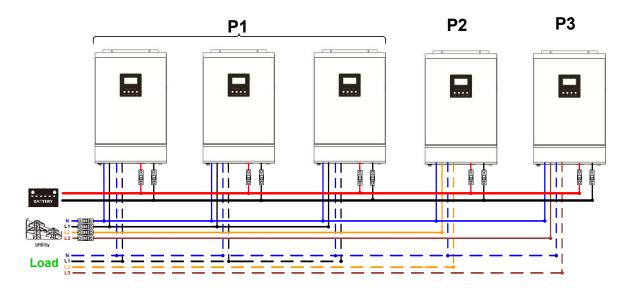
# **Communication Connection**



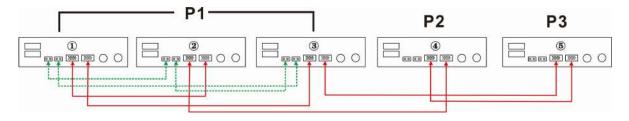


Three inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining two phases:

#### **Power Connection**

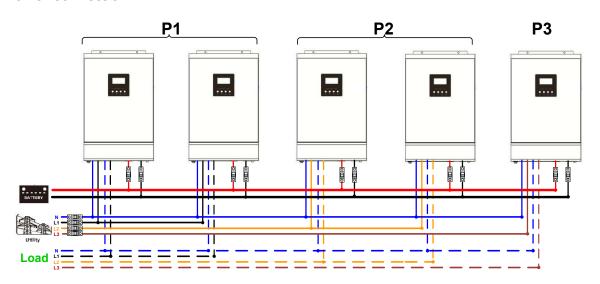


#### **Communication Connection**

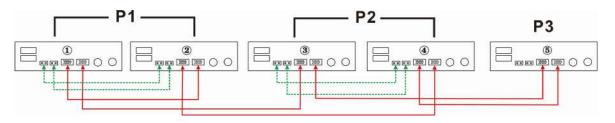


Two inverters in two phases and only one inverter for the remaining phase:

# **Power Connection**



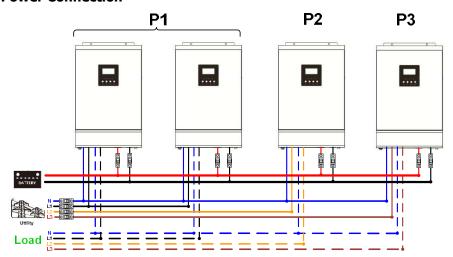
# **Communication Connection**



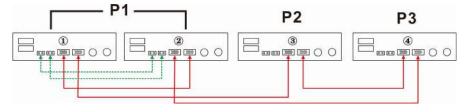


Two inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining phases:

#### **Power Connection**

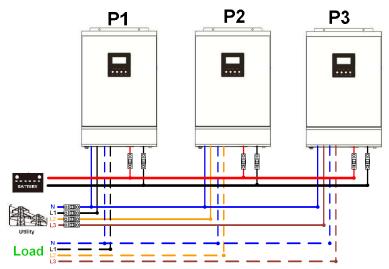


#### **Communication Connection**

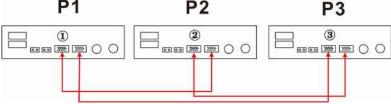


One inverter in each phase:

# **Power Connection**



# Communication Connection



**WARNING:** Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases. Otherwise, it may damage the inverters.

#### 6. PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection.

**CAUTION:** Each inverter should connect to PV modules separately.



# 7. LCD Setting and Display

# **Setting Program:**

Program	Description	Selectable option		
		Single:	When the units are used in parallel with single phase, please select "PAL" in program 28.	
		Parallel:	It is required to have at least 3 inverters or maximum 6 inverters to support three-phase equipment. It's required to have at least one inverter in each phase or it's up to four inverters in one phase. Please	
28	AC output mode *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off).	L1 phase:	refers to 5-2 for detailed information. Please select "3P1" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L1 phase, "3P2" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L2 phase and "3P3" in program 28 for the	
		L2 phase:	Inverters connected to L3 phase.  Be sure to connect share current cable to units which are on the same phase.  Do NOT connect share current cable between units on different phases.	
		L3 phase:	Besides, power saving function will be automatically disabled.	
	PV judge condition (Only apply for	One Inverter (Default):	When "ONE" is selected, as long as one of inverters has been connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting.  For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. If one of two units has connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, the parallel system will provide power to loads from solar or battery power. If both of them are not sufficient, the system will provide power to loads from utility.	
30	setting "Solar first" in program 1: Output source priority)	All of Inverters:	When "ALL" is selected, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting only when all of inverters are connected to PV modules. For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. When selecting "ALL" in program 30, it's necessary to have all inverters connected to PV modules and PV input is normal to allow the system to provide power to loads from solar and battery power. Otherwise, the system will provide power to loads from utility.	



# Fault code display:

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
60	Power feedback protection	[60]
71	Firmware version inconsistent	
72	Current sharing fault	
80	CAN fault	80
81	Host loss	8
82	Synchronization loss	<b>82</b>
83	Battery voltage detected different	83
84	AC input voltage and frequency detected different	84,
85	AC output current unbalance	[85]
86	AC output mode setting is different	86

# 8. Commissioning

# Parallel in single phase

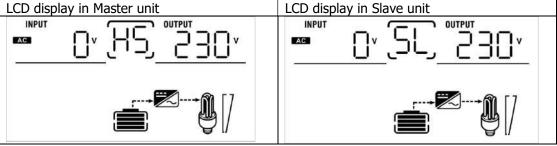
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 28 of each unit. And then shut down all units.

**NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

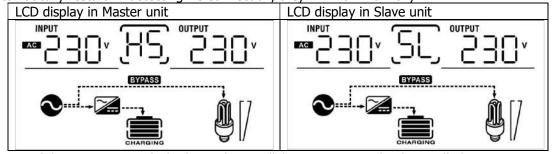
Step 3: Turn on each unit.



**NOTE:** Master and slave units are randomly defined.



Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If not, it will display fault 82 in following-order inverters. However, these inverters will automatically restart. If detecting AC connection, they will work normally.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

### Support three-phase equipment

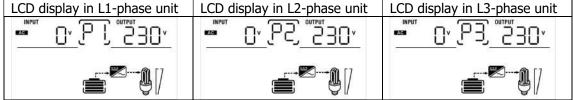
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

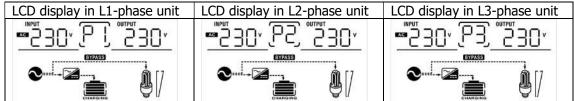
Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 28 as P1, P2 and P3 sequentially. And then shut down all units.

**NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially.



Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and three phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, the AC icon will flash and they will not work in line mode.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support 3-phase equipment is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Note 1: To avoid overload occurring, before turning on breakers in load side, it's better to have whole system in operation first.

Note 2: Transfer time for this operation exists. Power interruption may happen to critical devices, which cannot bear transfer time.



# 9. Trouble shooting

Situation			
Fault Code	Fault Event Description	Solution	
60	Current feedback into the inverter is detected.	<ol> <li>Restart the inverter.</li> <li>Check if L/N cables are not connected reversely in all inverters.</li> <li>For parallel system in single phase, make sure the sharing are connected in all inverters.         For supporting three-phase system, make sure the sharing cables are connected in the inverters in the same phase, and disconnected in the inverters in different phases.     </li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>	
71	The firmware version of each inverter is not the same.	<ol> <li>Update all inverter firmware to the same version.</li> <li>Check the version of each inverter via LCD setting and make sure the CPU versions are same. If not, please contact your instraller to provide the firmware to update.</li> <li>After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>	
72	The output current of each inverter is different.	<ol> <li>Check if sharing cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>	
80	CAN data loss	Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the	
81	Host data loss	inverter.	
82	Synchronization data loss	If the problem remains, please contact your installer.	
83	The battery voltage of each inverter is not the same.	<ol> <li>Make sure all inverters share same groups of batteries together.</li> <li>Remove all loads and disconnect AC input and PV input. Then, check battery voltage of all inverters. If the values from all inverters are close, please check if all battery cables are the same length and same material type. Otherwise, please contact your installer to provide SOP to calibrate battery voltage of each inverter.</li> <li>If the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>	
84	AC input voltage and frequency are detected different.	<ol> <li>Check the utility wiring connection and restart the inverter.</li> <li>Make sure utility starts up at same time. If there are breakers installed between utility and inverters, please be sure all breakers can be turned on AC input at same time.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>	
85	AC output current unbalance	<ol> <li>Restart the inverter.</li> <li>Remove some excessive loads and re-check load information from LCD of inverters. If the values are different, please check if AC input and output cables are in the same length and material type.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>	
86	AC output mode setting is different.	<ol> <li>Switch off the inverter and check LCD setting #28.</li> <li>For parallel system in single phase, make sure no 3P1, 3P2 or 3P3 is set on #28.</li> <li>For upporting three-phase system, make sure no "PAL" is set on #28.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>	



# **Appendix II: Approximate Back-up Time Table**

Model	Load (VA)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 100Ah (min)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 200Ah (min)
	200	1581	3161
	400	751	1581
	600	491	1054
	800	331	760
2KW	1000	268	615
ZNVV	1200	221	508
	1400	172	387
	1600	136	335
	1800	120	295
	2000	106	257
	300	1054	2107
	600	491	1054
	900	291	688
	1200	196	497
2K/V//EK/V/	1500	159	402
3KW/5KW	1800	123	301
	2100	105	253
	2400	91	219
	2700	71	174
	3000	63	155

**Note:** Backup time depends on the quality of the battery, age of battery and type of battery. Specifications of batteries may vary depending on different manufacturers.